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 $(54) \ \ \textbf{Illegal view/copy protection method and apparatus for digital broadcasting system}$

Schutzverfahren und -anlage gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für digitales Fernsehsystem Procédé et appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour système d'émission de télévision

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Background of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to an illegal view/copy protection method and apparatus for a digital broadcasting system, in which digital broadcasting performed through broadcasting media such as cable, satellite and terrestrial broadcasting, or through prerecorded media such as video cassette tapes, is prevented from being illegally viewed or copied to thereby protect its copyright.

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[0002] For conventional systems for copyright protection on digital media, there are Macrovision's intellectual property protection system (IPPS), which is disclosed in US Patent No. 5,315,448, and the integrated receiver/decoder (IRD), a conditional receiving system for digital broadcasting media, for receiving DirecTV's satellite broadcasting currently transmitted in the US.

[0003] The Macrovision's IPPS disclosed in US Patent No. 5,315,448 is a copy protection system for a hybrid digital VCR having digital recording functions for both a digital input signal and an analog input signal.

[0004] As shown in Figs. 1 and 2, in operating its copy protection function, Macrovision's IPPS detects, when a digital signal is input, copy protection control bits from an input signal, and when an analog signal is input, detects the analog copy protection waveform from the input signal.

[0005] More specifically, as shown in Fig. 2, a signal in which the analog copy protection waveform generated from an analog copy protection generator is added to the analog video output of the output signals of the digital VCR is output and displayed to be normal on an analog TV but distorted on an analog VCR, as shown in Fig. 1. In digital recording of the input signal, the copy protection control bits are changed to prevent digital copy or to permit one-time digital copy.

[0006] Referring to Fig. 3, the IPPS comprises an analog copy protection detector (ACP) 2 for detecting the analog copy protection waveform from an input analog NTSC video signal 1, an A/D converter 3 for A/D-converting analog NTSC video signal 1 input according to the signal output from the ACP detector, an AC bit detector 5 for detecting the AC bit from input digital video signal 4, an SCPS bit detector 6 for detecting the SCPS from input digital video signal 4, an AC bit adder 7 for adding the AC bit to input digital video signal 4 according to the SCPS bit output from SCPS bit detector 6, a switch 8 for outputting a signal output from AC bit adder 7 according to the AC bit output from AC bit detector 5, a switch 9 for selecting and outputting the signal output from A/D converter 3 and switch 8, a digital tape deck mechanism/circuit 10 for digitally recording the signal output from switch 9 and outputting a digital video signal, an AC bit detector 11 for detecting the AC bit from the signal output from digital tape deck mechanism/circuit 10, an ACP signal generator 12 for generating the ACP

signal from the signal output from AC bit detector 11, and a D/A converter 13 for adding the ACP signal output from ACP signal generator 12 to the signal output from digital tape deck mechanism/circuit 10 and D/A converting the added result which is output as an analog NTSC video signal.

[0007] The operation of the IPPS will be explained below

[0008] The copy protection control bits are made up of the AC and SCPS bits. The AC bit is added to recorded digital video data so that if the AC bit is set, digital copy is prohibited and if the SCPS bit is set, one-time digital copy is allowed.

[0009] In playback, when the AC bit is detected by AC bit detector 11, the analog copy protection waveform generated from ACP signal generator 12 is added to the analog video signal, which is output to D/A converter 13. Here, as the position of the copy protection control bits of the digital video data, an area of an MPEC-2 digital copy protection header where one-bit copyright flag and one-bit original-or-copy flag of a PES header are placed is used, or a transport-private-data field area of the transport header of the MPEC-2 is used.

[0010] The analog copy protection waveform is a signal which is severely distorted when inserted into the analog NTSC waveform and directly coupled to the analog TV. A method of generating such a signal is presented in US Patents Nos. 4,613,603 and 4,914,694. Using this method, the IPPS generates the analog copy protection waveform.

[0011] Referring to Fig. 4, the IRD, as a conditional receiving system for digital broadcasting media, for receiving the DirecTV's satellite broadcasting currently transmitted in US comprises an outdoor unit (ODU) 21 made up of a satellite antenna for receiving 12GHz-satellite broadcasting signals and a low noise block converter (LNB) for converting down the received satellite broadcasting signal into a 1GHz-signal, an IRD 20 for receiving satellite broadcasting from ODU 21 and offering audio and video services to a subscriber's TV or monitor, and an access card 22 required for conditional access (CA) for conditional reception.

[0012] Here, IRD 20 performs forward error correction (FEC), decoding, transport demultiplexing, MPEG decoding, NTSC encoding, and audio processing which is a D/A conversion.

[0013] Access card 22, whose size is similar to that of a general credit card, has a built-in IC. With this, the card receives CA-related information through a broadcast bit stream and telephone line, that is, a telco MODEM, in order to decide whether a user, subscriber, -selected channel can be viewed or not and to collect its subscription fee.

[0014] As shown in Fig. 4, IRD 20 comprises an IR receiver 25 for receiving and processing the subscriber's remote controller input, a telco MODEM 26 which is a general MODEM coupled to the telephone line, a microcomputer 27 made up of an NDC verifier code in-

cluding software for the CA function and IRD software for IRD driving, a tuner/demodulator/FEC 28 for selecting one channel of the signal received through ODU 21 and converting the selected channel into a digital bit stream for the purpose of error correction, a transport IC 29 for selecting one program of bit streams output from tuner/demodulator/FEC 28 and multiplexed with various programs, and converting the selected program into a bit stream decodable in the MPEG video decoder and MPEG audio decoder, a card reader interface 23 for data communication between transport IC 29 and access card 22, a system memory 24 coupled to transport IC 29 and for intermediate buffering of data, an MPEG video decoder 30 for expanding a video bit stream compressed in the MPEG format, a frame memory 31 for storing video data expanded in MPEG video decoder 30 in units of frame, an encode/sync/anti-tape/D/A 33 for converting the digital video data expanded in MPEG video decoder 30 into the analog NTSC format and inserting horizontal and vertical sync signals H-Sync and V-Sync and a Macrovision-mode analog copy protection signal in the conversion process, an RF modulator 34 for modulating an NTSC signal of the baseband output from encode/sync/anti-tape/D/A 33 into the RF band, an MPEG audio decoder 32 for expanding the audio bit stream compressed in the MPEG format, and a D/A 35 for converting the expanded digital audio data output from MPEG audio decoder 32 into analog.

[0015] Here, in the procedure of conversion into decodable bit stream in the MPEG video and audio decoders from transport IC 29, it is decided whether a program selected through communication with access card 22 can be viewed or not. If the bit stream is scrambled, its descrambling is performed with the access card's permission.

[0016] During the process of encode/sync/anti-tape/ D/A 33 prior to NTSC video output, the analog copy protection waveform is added to prohibit copying to the analog VCR.

[0017] IRD 20 employs a CA system for conditional reception so that a subscriber views programs provided through a broadcasting medium such as satellite broadcasting.

[0018] In IRD 20, the NDC verifier code, which is software, and access card 22, which is a smart card for CA, are used to support CA function. A descrambler 36 is contained in transport IC 29.

[0019] The detailed block diagram of CA unit 37 and transport IC 29 for operating the CA function in a manner generally used in digital broadcasting is shown in Fig. 5. [0020] More specifically, CA unit 37, included in smart card 22, is made up of smart card 38 for CA and microcomputer 39 operated with CA software.

[0021] The CA function is performed when the following two kinds of data are transmitted from a broadcasting station to the IRD. In other words, there are two types of data such as entitlement control message (ECM) or control word packet (CWP), and entitlement manage-

ment message (EMM) or conditional access packet (CAP).

[0022] The EMM is accessed, through the telephone line or satellite broadcasting, to the smart card of the respective IRD at the data rate of 200kbps. The broadcasting station can access all of subscribers' smart cards in a manner that the EMM is transmitted along with ID or address. The EMM has information required to make a control word (CW) for descrambling from the ECM information. The ECM, information in which the control word is encrypted, is transmitted at a speed over 10 per second.

[0023] For satellite broadcasting, there are Europe's DVB, Korea's DBS, US' echoster, and the like, aside from DirecTV. Their CA function commonly uses the ECM and EMM information, though different means is provided for the respective broadcastings.

[0024] The conventional Macrovision's IPPS is a system having a good performance with respect to the copy protection of analog NTSC video signal. This is an appropriate copyright protection means when a program supplied through a digital medium is converted into analog audio/video signal and recorded or copied through an analog VCR.

[0025] However, the IPPS cannot guarantee a satisfactory protection if digital data is recorded or copied using a digital recording medium such as digital VCR. This is because the IPPS uses a method of operating the header's flag bits, without employing, to digital data, encoding methods such as scrambling and encryption. By doing so, hacking is easy to perform only by modulating the flag bits, resulting in very low security.

[0026] Document EP-0267039-A discloses a satellite TV or cable video receiver that includes a decoder for decoding information embedded in a broadcast TV program. This information can be used to permit an operator to select a program for viewing only, or viewing and the preparation of a copy inhibited tape of the program.

40 Summary of the Invention

[0027] It would therefore be desirable to provide an illegal view/copy protection method and apparatus for a digital broadcasting system in which intellectual properties supplied via digital media and protected by copyright are prohibited from being illegally recorded or copied using a digital recording medium such as digital VCR by a user.

[0028] It would also be desirable to provide an illegal view/copy protection method and apparatus for a digital broadcasting system in which data recorded on a cassette tape is always scrambled to make its hacking difficult and protect its copyright.

[0029] It would also be desirable to provide an illegal view/copy protection method and apparatus for a digital broadcasting system in which copyright is protected appropriately for respective media which are divided into broadcasting media and pre-recorded media.

[0030] It would also be desirable to provide an illegal view/copy protection method and apparatus for a digital broadcasting system in which intellectual properties supplied from a program provider are reproduced to be viewed on screen, copying of the intellectual properties copied and the number of copy are controlled arbitrarily, and fee for recording and copying is collected for the purpose of copyright protection.

[0031] According to a first aspect of the present invention, there is provided an illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system comprising: an audio/video signal transmission step of multiplexing and transmitting encrypted control words, encrypted CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection, and an audio/video bit stream scrambled using said control words; and an audio/video reception step of decrypting the transmitted bit stream to obtain the CPTC information and control words, using said CPTC information to decide whether recording to cassette tape of the audio/video bit stream is allowed or not, and using the control words to perform descrambling and decoding of the transmitted bit stream to output audio/video signals to a monitor.

[0032] According to a second aspect of the present invention, there is provided an illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system comprising:a program producing portion arranged to multiplex and transmit encrypted control words, encrypted CPTC information for prohibiting illegal view/copy, and an audio/video bit stream scrambled using said control words, to thereby make a program; a distribution medium portion arranged to distribute said program made in said program producing portion through a transmission medium; and a program receiving portion arranged to obtain and decrypt the CPTC information and control words, and to descramble and decode the audio/video bit stream from the program transmitted by said distribution medium portion using the control words, to use said CPTC information to decide whether recording to cassette tape of the audio/video bit stream is allowed or not, and to output said descrambled and decoded audio/ video bit stream to a monitor.

Brief Description of the Attached Drawings

[0033]

Figs. 1 and 2 illustrate the operation state of a conventional IPPS;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of a conventional IPPS;

Fig. 4 is a block diagram of an IRD system;

Fig. 5 shows a configuration of general hardware performing CA function;

Figs. 6A and 6B show formats of CPTC information of an embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 7 shows a state of generation copy indicating the number of tape recopiable;

Figs. 8A-8D show the recording positions of the

CPTC information of an embodiment of the present invention:

Fig. 9 is a flowchart of showing the transmission step of an illegal view/copy protection method embodying the present invention;

Fig. 10 is a flowchart of showing the reception step of an illegal view/copy protection method embodying the present invention;

Fig. 11 is a flowchart of the CPTC information analyzing step of Fig. 10;

Fig. 12 is a flowchart of showing the reproduction/ rerecording step of an illegal view/copy protection method embodying the present invention;

Fig. 13 shows the format of an EMM lookup table; Fig. 14 shows the format of a tape state signal;

Fig. 15 is a flowchart of showing the EMM processing step;

Fig. 16 is a block diagram of the whole configuration of an illegal view/copy protection apparatus embodying the present invention;

Fig. 17 is a block diagram of one embodiment of the program receiving portion of Fig. 16;

Fig. 18 is a block diagram of another embodiment of the program receiving portion of Fig. 16;

Fig. 19 is a block diagram of still another embodiment of the program receiving portion of Fig. 16; Fig. 20 is a block diagram of yet another embodiment of the program receiving portion of Fig. 16; Fig. 21 is a block diagram of the IRD shown in Figs. 17, 19 and 20;

Fig. 22 is a block diagram of the IRD and DVCR of Fig. 18;

Fig. 23 illustrates the flow of signals of Fig. 21;

Fig. 24 is a block diagram of one embodiment of the smart card of Fig. 17;

Fig. 25 is a block diagram of another embodiment of the smart card of Fig. 17; and

Fig. 26 is a block diagram of the DVCR of Fig. 17.

40 Detailed Description of the Invention

[0034] An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system embodying the present invention is performed by audio/video signal transmission and audio/video reception steps.

[0035] In the audio/video signal transmission step, audio/video bit stream scrambled in control words and information where the control words and CPTC information for illegal viev/copy protection are encrypted are multiplexed and transmitted.

[0036] In the audio/video reception step, the bit stream transmitted in the audio/video signal transmission step is decrypted to analyze the CPTC information and control words. By doing so, it is decided whether recording is allowed or not. This result is recorded on cassette tape. Using the control words, descrambling and decoding are performed, and then audio/video signals are output to a monitor. Here, the CPTC information

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separately manages the ECM, EMM and control words, and contains CA information, to thereby control illegal view/copy protection. The CPTC information will be described with reference to Figs. 6A and 6B.

[0037] The CPTC information is formatted in a generational copy control field for limiting the number of copy available in order to control the depth of generational copy, and a reproducibility control field for limiting the reproduction of a copied program in order to control the number of copyiable tapes. As shown in Fig. 6A, formatting is performed containing a descrambling information field where part of the control words for descrambling are recorded, or containing a CA field where CA information for conditional access is recorded, as shown in Fig. 6B.

[0038] The CPTC information may be encrypted separately to be multiplexed with scrambled digital data, or contained in the ECM information for CA for encryption and multiplexing. Here, the generational copy control field is made up of a permissible generational field for limiting the number of copy permissible and a present generational field for indicating the present generation of a program copied. If the present generation stored in the present generational field is greater than or equal to the permissible generation stored in the permissible generational field, recording or copying is impossible.

[0039] A reproduction control field is made up of a reproducible number field for limiting the number of reproducing a copied program, and a maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program.

[0040] Here, the reproducible number stored in the reproducible number field implements a conditional-number reproducibility function according to the current reproduction number of cassette tape. The maximum reproducible time stored in the maximum reproducible time field implements the conditional-time reproducibility function of copied cassette tape according to the current time information of digital hardware.

[0041] The CPTC information may allow the copied cassette tape to be always reproducible, make it never reproducible, allow it to be reproducible as many as a limited number, or make the copied cassette tape reproducible for a limited time after recording or copying.

[0042] Using the permissible generational field and present generational field of the generational copy control field, the reproducible number field of the reproduction control field, and data of the maximum reproducible time field, the depth of generation copy, recopying of copied cassette tape, and reproduction time and number are controlled. This process controls the number of copiable cassette tape copied, and reproduction time and number.

[0043] In other words, as shown in Fig. 7, information stored in the permissible generational field and present generational field is used to allow first and second generation copy to be perform. Information stored in the reproducible number field and maximum reproducible

time field is used to allow reproduction as many as a limited number or for a limited time.

[0044] In order to prohibit illegal recording or copy of a program protected by copyright law, collect fee for recording or copy, or arbitrarily control the number of reproducible copied tape to be made from a program supplied by a provider, the depth of generation copy and reproduction of copy tape are controlled to decide how long the first generation recording and copy and second generation copy are made possible.

[0045] For this purpose, the copy tape made to be always reproducible, it is made never to be reproducible, it is made to be reproducible as many as a limited number, or it is made to be reproducible for a limited time after recording or copy.

[0046] The data recorded on cassette tape contains scrambled audio/video bit stream and CPTC information. The CPTC information is recorded on a recording medium, that is, a rental tape, to prohibit illegal view/copy.

[0047] In other words, as shown in Fig. 8A, the CPTC information is overwritten on the scrambled audio/video bit stream for the error effect and recorded on cassette tape. Otherwise, as shown in Fig. 8B, the CPTC information is recorded on a portion of the audio track of cassette tape, on the control track of cassette tape as shown in Fig. 8C, or on the video track of cassette tape as shown in Fig. 8D.

[0048] In other words, as shown in Fig. 8A, the CPTC information is overwritten in a predetermined position in the form of error after parities for error correction, that is, inner and outer parities, are added to the scrambled digital data. This method reduces error correction capability but requires no additional tape area for recording the CPTC information. Further, during interleaving and decoding of ECC, the CPTC information is recognized as an error and removed, obtaining the scrambled digital data. Here, the CPTC information is detected separately.

[0049] In case that the CPTC information is recorded in part of audio track or control track, as shown in Figs. 8B and 8C, the audio head or control head must be additionally used as the means for detecting the CPTC so that audio track and control track are additionally accessed to detect the CPTC information.

[0050] The audio/video signal transmission step using the CPTC information will be explained with reference to Fig. 9.

[0051] One embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step is to transmit an audio/video signal not containing the CA information for conditional access. This, having only the copy protection function, is used in case that a program which can be provided to all viewers is transmitted.

[0052] As shown in Fig. 9, the first embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step comprises the steps of: encoding (100) the audio/video bit stream; generating (105) a control word for scrambling; scrambling

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(104) for the encoded audio/video bit stream using the generated control word; generating (102) CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection; encrypting (103) for encrypting the control word and CPTC information; and multiplexing and transmitting (106) the scrambled audio/video bit stream and encrypted CPTC information.

[0053] In other words, in step 100, the audio/video bit stream is encoded. In step 105, the control word for scrambling is generated. In step 104, the encoded audio/video bit stream is scrambled using the generated control word. In step 102, the CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection is generated. In step 103, the CPTC information and CA information are encrypted using the generated control word. The scrambled audio/video bit stream, encrypted CPTC information and CA information are multiplexed and transmitted through a transmission medium in step 106. The audio/video signal transmission step is received through one embodiment of an audio/video reception step.

[0054] Referring to Fig. 10, the first embodiment of the audio/video reception step comprises the steps of filtering (110) the transmitted bit stream and decrypting (111) the CPTC information; analyzing (113 and 114) the CPTC information to generate a control word and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and to update the CPTC information; deciding (115) whether to allow recording according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to record the scrambled and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape; and descrambling and decoding (116 and 117) the transmitted bit stream in the control word and outputting an audio/video signal.

[0055] In other words, the bit stream transmitted in the first embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step is filtered and the CPTC information is decrypted in steps 110 and 111. The CPTC information is analyzed to generate the control word and the signal for controlling the protection of copyright, and the CPTC information is updated in steps 113 and 114. Whether to allow recording is determined by the generated signal for controlling the protection of copyright so that the scrambled and transmitted bit stream is recorded on cassette tape in step 115. Then, the transmitted bit stream is descrambled and decoded in control words and output as an audio/video signal in steps 116 and 117. Here, all of the control word is contained in the CPTC information.

[0056] Referring to Fig. 11, the CPTC information analyzing step comprises the steps of detecting (130, 131, 132 and 133) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field for limiting the available number of copy of a program of the CPTC information and the present generation of the present generational field indicating the present generation of the program copied, to thereby perform copy-impossible and update the CPTC information; and detecting (134, 135, 136 and 137) the reproducible number of the reproducible

number field for limiting the number of reproduction of copied programs of the CPTC information, the maximum reproducible time of the maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program, and the number and time of reproduction of tape, to thereby process reproduction-impossible.

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[0057] The copying number limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing (130) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field and the present generation of the present generational field and deciding whether the permissible generation is below the present generation; if the permissible generation is below the present generation, generating (131) an output disable signal to make copying impossible and destroying the control word; and if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, increasing (132) the present generation by '1' and recording the result on cassette tape. If the permissible generation is not below the present generation, the CPTC information is updated in step 133, instead of increasing the present generation by '1.'

[0058] In order to control generation copy, the permissible generation of the permissible generational field and the present generation of the present generational field are compared in step 130. If the permissible generation is below the present generation, the output disable signal is generated to make copying impossible and the control word is destroyed in step 131. If the permissible generation is not below the present generation, the present generation is increased by '1' and thus recorded on cassette tape in step 132. This enables generation copy. Here, it can be possible that generation copy is limited by updating the CPTC information, instead of increasing the present generation by '1.'

[0059] The reproduction limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number of tape and deciding (134) whether the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape; if the reproducible number is not below the reproduction number of tape, comparing the maximum reproducible time and reproduction time of tape, and deciding (135) whether the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape; if the maximum reproducible time is not below reproduction time of tape, turning off (136) an enable erase signal to thereby enable the copied program to be reproduced; if the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape or the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape, turning on (137) the enable erase signal to make the reproduction of the copied program impossible so that part of or the whole program recorded on cassette tape is erased.

[0060] In order to control reproduction, the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number of tape are compared in step 134. If the reproducible number is not below the reproduction number of tape, the maximum reproducible time of the

maximum reproducible time field and the reproduction time of tape are compared and it is decided whether the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape in step 135. In other words, though reproducible, whether it is limited by the reproducible time must be checked. If the maximum reproducible time is not below the reproduction time of tape, the enable erase signal is turned off in step 136 to thereby make the copied program reproducible. If the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape or the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape, the enable erase signal is turned on to prohibit the reproduction of the copied program. By doing so, part of or the whole program recorded on cassette tape is erased to make copy and reproduction impossible in step 137.

[0061] Here, the current time is transmitted to the user by a provider along with a program. In this case, the copyright protection system implements limited time reproduction using transmitted time information. In this method, the program provider manages the whole users' time so that time modulation by a user cannot occur. Therefore, this is very secure.

[0062] The bit stream transmitted in the first embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step contains ECM and EMM. Part of the control word may be contained in the CPTC information. Its remainder may be contained in the ECM or EMM. The whole control word is contained in the ECM or EMM.

[0063] The audio/video signal containing the control word and transmitted according to the audio/video signal transmission step is received according to another embodiment of the audio/video reception step.

[0064] Referring to Fig. 10, the second embodiment of the audio/video reception step comprises the steps of filtering (110) the transmitted bit stream and decrypting (111) the CPTC information and control word; filtering (118) the control word; analyzing (113 and 114) the CPTC information to generate a control word and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and to update the CPTC information; deciding (115) whether to allow recording according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to record the scrambled and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape; and descrambling and decoding (116 and 117) the transmitted bit stream in control words and outputting an audio/video signal.

[0065] In other words, the bit stream transmitted in the audio/video signal transmission step is filtered and the CPTC information and control word are decrypted in steps 110 and 111. The control word is filtered in step 118. The decrypted CPTC information is analyzed to generate the control word and the signal for controlling the protection of copyright, and the CPTC information is updated in steps 113 and 114. Whether to allow recording is determined by the generated signal for controlling the protection of copyright so that the scrambled and transmitted bit stream is recorded on cassette tape in

step 115. Then, the transmitted bit stream is descrambled and decoded in control words and output as an audio/video signal in steps 116 and 117.

[0066] Referring to Fig. 11, in the same manner as the first embodiment of the audio/video reception step, the CPTC information analyzing step comprises the steps of: generating the control words; detecting (130, 131, 132 and 133) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field for limiting the available number of copy of a program of the CPTC information and the present generation of the present generational field indicating the present generation of the program copied, to thereby perform copy-impossible and update the CPTC information; and detecting (134, 135, 136 and 137) the reproducible number of the reproducible number field for limiting the number of reproduction of copied programs of the CPTC information, the maximum reproducible time of the maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program, and the number and time of reproduction of tape, to thereby process reproduction-impossible.

[0067] The copying number limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing (130) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field and the present generation of the present generational field and deciding whether the permissible generation is below the present generation; if the permissible generation is below the present generation, generating (131) an output disable signal to make copying impossible and destroying the control word; and if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, increasing (132) the present generation by '1' and recording the result on cassette tape. If the permissible generation is not below the present generation, the CPTC information is updated in step 133, instead of increasing the present generation by '1.'

[0068] The reproduction limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number of tape and deciding (134) whether the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape; if the reproducible number is not below the reproduction number of tape, comparing the maximum reproducible time and reproduction time of tape, and deciding (135) whether the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape; if the maximum reproducible time is not below reproduction time of tape, turning off (136) an enable erase signal to thereby enable the copied program to be reproduced; if the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape or the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape, turning on (137) the enable erase signal to make the reproduction of the copied program impossible so that part of or the whole program recorded on cassette tape is erased.

[0069] Another embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step is to transmit an audio/video signal containing the CA information for conditional access.

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This, having the illegal reception and copy protection functions, is used in case that a program which can be provided to limited viewers is transmitted.

[0070] As shown in Fig. 9, the second embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step comprises the steps of: encoding (100) the audio/video bit stream; generating (105) a control word for scrambling; scrambling (104) for the encoded audio/video bit stream using the generated control word; generating (102) CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection; generating (101) CA information for conditional reception; encrypting (103) for encrypting the CPTC information and CA information; and multiplexing and transmitting (106) the scrambled audio/video bit stream and encrypted CPTC information and CA information and CA information.

[0071] In other words, in step 100, the audio/video bit stream is encoded. In step 105, the control word for scrambling is generated. In step 104, the encoded audio/video bit stream is scrambled using the generated control word. In step 102, the CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection is generated. In step 101, CA information for conditional reception is generated. In step 103, the CPTC information and CA information are encrypted using the generated control word. The scrambled audio/video bit stream, encrypted CPTC information and CA information are multiplexed and transmitted through a transmission medium in step 106. The audio/ video signal transmitted through the second embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step is received through the second embodiment of the audio/video reception step.

[0072] Referring to Fig. 10, the second embodiment of the audio/video reception step comprises the steps of: filtering (110) the transmitted bit stream and decrypting (111) the CPTC information; analyzing (112, 113 and 114) the CPTC information and CA information to generate a control word and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and to update the CPTC information; deciding (115) whether to allow recording according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to record the scrambled and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape; and descrambling and decoding (116 and 117) the transmitted bit stream and outputting an audio/ video signal.

[0073] Referring to Fig. 11, in the same manner as the first embodiment of the audio/video reception step, the CPTC information analyzing step comprises the steps of: generating a control word; detecting (130, 131, 132 and 133) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field for limiting the available number of copy of a program of the CPTC information and the present generation of the present generational field indicating the present generation of the program copied, to thereby perform copy-impossible and update the CPTC information; and detecting (134, 135, 136 and 137) the reproducible number of the reproducible number field for limiting the number of reproduction of copied programs of the CPTC information, the maxi-

mum reproducible time of the maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program, and the number and time of reproduction of tape, to thereby process reproduction-impossible.

[0074] In the same manner as the first embodiment of the audio/video reception step, the copying number limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing (130) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field and the present generation of the present generational field and deciding whether the permissible generation is below the present generation; if the permissible generation is below the present generation, generating (131) an output disable signal to make copying impossible and destroying the control word; and if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, increasing (132) the present invention by '1' and recording the result on cassette tape. If the permissible generation is not below the present generation, the CPTC information is updated in step 133.

[0075] The reproduction limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number of tape and deciding (134) whether the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape; if the reproducible number is not below the reproduction number of tape, comparing the maximum reproducible time and reproduction time of tape, and deciding (135) whether the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape; if the maximum reproducible time is not below reproduction time of tape, turning off (136) an enable erase signal to thereby enable the copied program to be reproduced; if the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape or the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape, turning on (137) the enable erase signal to make the reproduction of the copied program impossible so that part of or the whole program recorded on cassette tape is erased.

[0076] The bit stream transmitted in the second embodiment of the audio/video signal transmission step contains ECM and EMM. Part of the control word may be contained in the CPTC information. Its remainder may be contained in the ECM or EMM. The whole control word is contained in the ECM or EMM.

[0077] The audio/video signal containing the control word and transmitted according to the audio/video signal transmission step is received according to another embodiment of the audio/video reception step. The audio/video signal transmission step containing the control word is received according to still another embodiment of the audio/video reception step.

[0078] Referring to Fig. 10, the third embodiment of the audio/video reception step comprises the steps of: filtering (110) the transmitted bit stream and decrypting (111) the CPTC information and CA information; analyzing (112, 113, 114 and 118) the CPTC information and CA information and filtering the control word to generate

a control word and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and to update the CPTC information; deciding (115) whether to allow recording according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to record the scrambled and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape; and descrambling and decoding (116 and 117) the transmitted bit stream and outputting an audio/video signal.

Referring to Fig. 11, in the same manner as the [0079] first embodiment of the audio/video reception step, the CPTC information analyzing step comprises the steps of: generating the control words; detecting (130, 131, 132 and 133) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field for limiting the available number of copy of a program of the CPTC information and the present generation of the present generational field indicating the present generation of the program copied, to thereby perform copy-impossible and update the CPTC information; and detecting (134, 135, 136 and 137) the reproducible number of the reproducible number field for limiting the number of reproduction of copied programs of the CPTC information, the maximum reproducible time of the maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program, and the number and time of reproduction of tape, to thereby process reproduction-impossible.

[0080] The copying number limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing (130) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field and the present generation of the present generational field and deciding whether the permissible generation is below the present generation; if the permissible generation is below the present generation, generating (131) an output disable signal to make copying impossible and destroying the control word; and if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, increasing (132) the present invention by '1' and recording the result on cassette tape, and if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, updating the CPTC information in step 133.

[0081] The reproduction limiting step comprises the steps of: comparing the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number of tape and deciding (134) whether the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape; if the reproducible number is not below the reproduction number of tape, comparing the maximum reproducible time and reproduction time of tape, and deciding (135) whether the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape; if the maximum reproducible time is not below reproduction time of tape, turning off (136) an enable erase signal to thereby enable the copied program to be reproduced; if the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape or the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape, turning on (137) the enable erase signal to make the reproduction of the copied program impossible so that part of or the whole program recorded on

cassette tape is erased.

[0082] The illegal view/copy protection method for digital broadcasting system embodying the present invention, after the audio/video signal transmission step and audio/video reception step, further comprises a reproduction and rerecording step of: decrypting the bit stream recorded and reproduced on cassette tape, analyzing the CPTC information, deciding whether to allow rerecording, recording the result on cassette tape, filtering the control word, and performing descrambling and decoding to output an audio/video signal.

[0083] Referring to Fig. 12, the audio/video reproduction and rerecording step comprises the steps of: filtering (120) the bit stream recorded and reproduced on video tape, and decrypting (121) the CPTC information; analyzing (122 and 123) the CPTC information to generate control words and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and update the CPTC information; deciding (124) whether to allow recording according to the signal of controlling the protection of copyright, and recording the scrambled and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape; descrambling and decoding (125 and 126) the transmitted bit stream in control words to output an audio/video signal; and deciding whether to allow post-reproduction according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to thereby erase part of or the whole data recorded on cassette tape.

[0084] Here, EMM may contain information required for decoding information in order to perform the illegal view/copy protection method of a broadcasting system. In this case, a step of storing and processing the EMM is added in the audio/video reproduction and rerecording step.

[0085] In the EMM storing and processing step, in case that the EMM is updated by a broadcasting station for the purpose of copyright protection, the EMM having information required to decode the CPTC information is stored in order to continuously reproduce programs of copied cassette tape.

40 [0086] Here, an ID number indicative of updating the EMM is recorded on cassette tape. The EMM is stored to which the updating state and the ID number of cassette tape are mapped.

[0087] The EMM storing and processing step comprises the steps of: storing all EMM to be updated and corresponding ID information; selecting the latest EMM in recording cassette tape; recording a corresponding ID number; and selecting an EMM corresponding to the ID number recorded on cassette tape in reproducing the cassette tape.

[0088] As shown in Fig. 13, all EMMs (EMM1, EMM2, EMM3,...) to be updated on the EMM lookup table and corresponding ID information (ID1, ID2, ID3,...) are mapped and stored.

[0089] Referring to Figs. 14 and 15, in recording a program on cassette tape, that is, when recording is indicated in the recording/reproduction mode, an ID number corresponding to the latest, the final, EMM, is recorded.

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Thereafter, in reproducing the cassette tape, that is, when reproduction is indicated in the recording/reproduction mode, an EMM corresponding to the ID number recorded on cassette tape is selected from the EMM lookup table so that the recorded program is reproduced according to the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number recorded on the video tape.

[0090] Referring to Fig. 16, an illegal view/copy protection apparatus of digital broadcasting system embodying the present invention comprises a program producing portion 200, distribution medium portion 201, and program receiving portion 202.

[0091] Program producing portion 200 offers programs, in which information encrypted both with the control word for scrambling and the CPTC information for prohibiting illegal view/copy, and the audio/video bit stream scrambled in control words are multiplexed to make a program.

[0092] Distribution medium portion 201 distributes programs made in program producing portion 200 through a transmission medium.

[0093] Program receiving portion 202 detects and analyzes the CPTC information from the bit stream transmitted from distribution medium portion 201 and the bit stream reproduced from cassette tape, and descrambles and decodes the bit stream transmitted from distribution medium portion 201. The descrambled and decoded bit stream is displayed or recorded on cassette tape.

[0094] Program producing portion 200 comprises a control word generator 203 for generating a control word for scrambling, a CPTC generator 204 for generating the CPTC information for prohibiting illegal view/copy, a scrambling portion 206 for scrambling the audio/video bit stream using the control word output from control word generator 203, an encrypting portion 205 for encrypting the control word output from control word generator 203 and the CPTC information output from CPTC generator 204, and an adder 207 for multiplexing the signals output from scrambling portion 206 and encrypting portion 205 and transmitting them to distribution medium portion 201.

[0095] Distribution medium portion 201 comprises a broadcasting medium 208 for distributing the program made by program producing portion 200 through cable, satellite or terrestrial broadcasting, and a recording medium 209 for distributing the program made by program producing portion 200 through cassette tape.

[0096] Program receiving portion 202 comprises a decrypting portion 210 for decrypting the bit stream transmitted from broadcasting medium 208, a CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211 for detecting and analyzing the CPTC information from the bit stream output from decrypting portion 210 and recording medium 209, and outputting signals for controlling the control word and illegal view/copy, a descrambling portion 212 for descrambling the bit stream transmitted from broadcasting

medium 208 and recording medium 209 and the bit stream reproduced from cassette tape, a decoding portion 213 for decoding and displaying the signal output from descrambling portion 212, and a recording/reproducing portion 214 for recording the bit stream transmitted from broadcasting medium 208 and recording medium 209 according to the signal output from CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211, and reproducing cassette tape, to thereby output the result to descrambling portion 212 and CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211.

[0097] The operation of an illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system embodying the present invention will be described below.

[0098] Control word generator 203 generates a control word for scrambling, and CPTC generator 204 generates the CPTC information for prohibiting illegal view/copy. Scrambling portion 206 scrambles the audio/video bit stream using the generated control word. Encrypting portion 205 encrypts the CPTC information output from CPTC generator 204 using the generated control word. The audio/video bit stream scrambled in scrambling portion 206 is multiplexed with the encrypted CPTC information in adder 207. The multiplexed result is transmitted to a reception port through distribution medium portion 201.

[0099] The signal output from adder 207 is transmitted to program receiving portion 202 through broadcasting medium 208 such as cable, satellite, and terrestrial broadcastings, or through recording medium 209 made of cassette tape such as rental tape.

[0100] The bit stream transmitted through broadcasting medium 208 is decrypted in decrypting portion 210. The CPTC information is detected and analyzed in CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211 so that signals for controlling the control word and illegal view/copy are output. Here, the bit stream transmitted to cassette tape through recording medium 209 is reproduced in recording/reproducing portion 214 and input to descrambling portion 212 and CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211. The bit stream transmitted from broadcasting medium 208 and the bit stream reproduced from recording medium 209 through recording/reproducing portion 214 are descrambled in descrambling portion 212 according to the control word output from CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211. The signal output from descrambling portion 212 is decoded in decoding portion 213 and displayed. The bit stream transmitted from broadcasting medium 208 and recording medium 209 is recorded on cassette tape in a recording/reproducing portion 214 according to the signal output from CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211.

[0101] Data received from program receiving portion 202 and recorded on cassette tape is made up of the scrambled audio/video bit stream and CPTC information. The configuration of the program receiving portion having decrypting portion 210, CPTC detecting/analyzing portion 211, descrambling portion 212, decoding portion 213 and recording/reproducing portion 214 will

be explained with reference to Figs. 17, 18, 19, and 20. [0102] One embodiment of the program receiving portion of Fig. 17 receives and processes data transmitted via a broadcasting medium. Specifically, this embodiment performs conditional access and copy protection. [0103] Referring to Fig. 17, the first embodiment of the program receiving portion comprises an IRD 222 for receiving, decoding and descrambling the bit stream transmitted from broadcasting medium 208, outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed and outputting scrambled digital audio/video data to be recorded on cassette tape, a smart card 221 for decrypting the bit stream output from IRD 222, detecting/analyzing the CPTC information, and outputting the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy to IRD 222 in order to perform conditional access and copy protection, a DVCR 223 for recording the digital audio/video data and CPTC information scrambled and output from IRD 222 on cassette tape, and reproducing the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information recorded on cassette tape to be output to IRD 222, and a lookup table 224 for, in case that the EMM is updated by a broadcasting station for the purpose of copyright protection, storing EMM having information required to decode the CPTC information, and outputting CPTC information corresponding in reproduction to smart card 221 in order to continuously reproduce the program of copied cassette tape. Here, lookup table 221 is mapped and processed as shown in Figs. 13, 14 and 15.

[0104] The operation of the first embodiment of the program receiving portion will be described below.

[0105] In case that a bit stream, that is, a program, is received through a broadcasting medium, the received audio/video data is scrambled digital audio/video data.

[0106] The received bit stream is decoded in IRD 222 and decrypted in smart card 221. Its CPTC information is detected and analyzed so that a signal for controlling the control word and illegal view/copy is output to IRD 222.

[0107] IRD 222 descrambles the decoded bit stream using the bit stream output from smart card 221 and signals for controlling illegal view/copy. The descrambled bit stream is output to display analog audio/video data. IRD 222 outputs the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information to DVCT 223 in order to record them on cassette tape.

[0108] The scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information output from IRD 222 is recorded on cassette tape in DVCR 223. They are in turn reproduced in DVCR 223 and processed in the same manner that the bit stream transmitted via the broadcasting medium is descrambled and processed in IRD 222 and smart card 221. The processed result is output to be displayed on a monitor, or output to the DVCR and recopied.

[0109] Here, reproduction and recopy are made possible by the data stored in the permissible generational field, present generational field, reproducible number field, and maximum reproducible time field contained in

the CPTC information.

[0110] Updated EMM is mapped and stored in lookup table 224 so that, when the EMM is updated through a broadcasting signal in a broadcasting station in order to protect copyright, the program of cassette tape copied can be continuously reproduced.

[0111] Lookup table 224 reads out the EMM containing information required to decode the CPTC information in reproducing the cassette tape. Corresponding CPTC information is output to smart card 221 to enable reproduction.

[0112] Another embodiment of the program receiving portion shown in Fig. 18 is to receive and process data transmitted through a recording medium, for instance, rental tape.

[0113] The second embodiment of the program receiving portion, as shown in Fig. 18, comprises a DVCR 232 for detecting/analyzing the CPTC information from the bit stream transmitted from the recording medium, outputting a control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy, and reproducing scrambled digital audio/video data, and an IRD 231 for receiving the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy output from DVCR 232, descrambling the scrambled digital audio/video data, and outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed or recorded.

[0114] The second embodiment of the program receiving portion is to perform CPTC detection and processing carried out in the smart card of the first embodiment of the program receiving portion shown in Fig. 17. The operation of the second embodiment of the program receiving portion will be described below.

[0115] In case that the bit stream is received through the recording medium, the audio/video data reproduced through the DVCR is scrambled digital audio/video data. [0116] The bit stream recorded in DVCR 232 is reproduced. Its CPTC information is detected and analyzed so that the control word and signal for controlling illegal view/copy is output to IRD 231. The bit stream reproduced from DVCR 232 is decoded in IRD 231. The decoded bit stream is descrambled according to the control word and signal for controlling illegal view/copy output from DVCR 232 so that analog audio/video data is output to be displayed.

45 [0117] IRD 231 outputs the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information to DVCR 232 to record them on cassette tape. The scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information output from IRD 231 is recorded on cassette tape and recopied in DVCR 223.

[0118] Here, reproduction and recopy are made possible by the data stored in the permissible generational field, present generational field, reproducible number field, and maximum reproducible time field contained in the CPTC information.

[0119] Referring to Fig. 19, still another embodiment of the program receiving portion is to receive and process data transmitted through a recording medium, per-

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forming copy protection (CP).

[0120] As shown in Fig. 19, the third embodiment of the program receiving portion comprises a DVCR 243 for reproducing the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information recorded on cassette tape through a recording medium, and outputting them to IRD 242, an IRD 242 for decoding/descrambling the bit stream transmitted from DVCR 243, and outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed, and a smart card 241 for decrypting the bit stream output from IRD 242, detecting/analyzing the CPTC, and outputting the control word and signals for controlling copying to IRD 222 to thereby perform CP. The operation of the third embodiment of the program receiving portion will be explained below.

[0121] In case that the bit stream is received via a recording medium, that is, through rental tape, the reproduced audio/video data is scrambled digital audio/video data

[0122] The scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information reproduced from DVCR 243 are decoded in IRD 242 and decrypted in smart card 241. The CPTC information is detected and analyzed so that the control word and signal for controlling copying are output to IRD 242.

[0123] IRD 242 descrambles the decoded bit stream using the CPTC information output from smart card 241 and signals for controlling copying so that analog audio/video data is output to be displayed.

[0124] IRD 242 outputs the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information to DVCR 243 in order to record them on cassette tape. The scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information output from IRD 242 are recorded on cassette tape in DVCR 243.

[0125] Here, reproduction and recopy are made possible by the data stored in the permissible generational field, present generational field, reproducible number field, and maximum reproducible time field contained in the CPTC information.

[0126] Referring to Fig. 20, yet another embodiment of the program receiving portion is to receive and process data transmitted through a recording medium, performing conditional access and CP. This embodiment is made in such a manner that in case of using the same CPTC information as the broadcasting medium, the smart card is commonly used.

[0127] As shown in Fig. 20, the fourth embodiment of the program receiving portion comprises a DVCR 253 for reproducing the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information recorded on cassette tape through a recording medium, and outputting them to IRD 252, an IRD 252 for decoding/descrambling the bit stream transmitted from DVCR 253, and outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed, and a smart card 251 for decrypting the bit stream output from IRD 252, detecting/analyzing the CPTC, and outputting the control word and signals for controlling copying to IRD 252 to thereby perform CA and CP. The operation of the third

embodiment of the program receiving portion will be explained below.

[0128] In case that the bit stream is received via a recording medium, that is, through rental tape and the DVCR, the reproduced audio/video data is scrambled digital audio/video data.

[0129] The scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information reproduced from DVCR 253 are decoded in IRD 252 and decrypted in smart card 251. The CPTC information is detected and analyzed so that the control word and signal for controlling copying are output back to IRD 252.

[0130] IRD 252 descrambles the decoded bit stream using the CPTC information output from smart card 251 and signals for controlling illegal view/copy so that analog audio/video data is output to be displayed.

[0131] IRD 252 outputs the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information to DVCR 253 in order to record them on cassette tape. The scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information output from IRD 222 are recorded on cassette tape in DVCR 253.

[0132] Here, reproduction and recopy are made possible by the data stored in the permissible generational field, present generational field, reproducible number field, and maximum reproducible time field contained in the CPTC information.

[0133] IRD 222, 242, or 252 shown in Fig. 17, 19 or 20 is made in the following configuration as shown in Fig. 21.

[0134] Referring to Fig. 21, IRD 222, 242 or 252 comprises a recording/digital output controller 262 for decoding the bit stream transmitted from the broadcasting medium and DVCR, outputting to smart card 221, receiving the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy output from smart card 221, and controlling the output of the scrambled digital audio/video data for the purpose of recording and displaying; a descrambler 263 for descrambling the scrambled digital audio/video data output from recording/digital output controller 262 according to the control word output from recording/digital output controller 262, and a display processing portion 264 for processing and outputting the digital audio/ video data output from descrambler 263 to be displayed. Here, DVCR 265 performs reproduction mainly. DVCR 223 of the program receiving portion of Fig. 18 combines recording therewith. The operation of IRD 266 will be described below.

[0135] The signal output to smart card 261 from recording/digital output controller 262 of IRD 266 is ECM, EMM and CPTC information. The signals output from smart card 261 to IRD 266 are the control word used to descramble and display the bit stream, and a signal for controlling copy protection.

[0136] Recording/digital output controller 262 communicates with the smart card, performs recording according to the signals of copy protection, outputs them to the digital output port in order to record them in another set, and outputs the control word and bit stream

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to descrambler 263.

[0137] When output to the recording/digital output port, updated ECM, EMM and CPTC information are output in addition to the scrambled data from recording/digital output controller 262 so that a copy different from the original script, that is, the broadcast or rental tape.
[0138] The ECM, EMM and CPTC are transmitted in various combinations. For the first combination, the ECM, EMM and CPTC are independently combined. The second combination is that the CPTC is included in the ECM and the EMM is independently combined. The third is that the CPTC is included in the EMM and the

[0139] IRD 231 and DVCR 232 of Fig. 18 use the smart card, and additionally requires a CPTC detection and processing portion in the DVCR, which will be shown in Fig. 22.

ECM is independently combined.

[0140] DVCR 232 comprises a CPTC detecting/processing portion 276 for detecting/analyzing the CPTC information from the bit stream transmitted from recording medium 209, and outputting the control word and signals for illegal view/copy, and a reproducing portion 277 for reproducing the bit stream transmitted from recording medium 209 and outputting it to the IRD.

[0141] IRD 231 comprises a digital output controller 272 for receiving the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy output from CPTC detecting/ processing portion 276, and controlling the output of the scrambled digital audio/video data output from reproducing portion 277 in order to display them, a descrambler 273 for descrambling the scrambled digital audio/video data output from digital output controller 262 according to the control word output from digital output controller 262, and a display processing portion 274 for processing and outputting the digital audio/video data output from descrambler 273 in order to display them. The operation of IRD 276 and DVCR 275 will be described below.

[0142] CPTC detecting/processing portion 276 operates separately when reproducing portion 277 reproduces the scrambled data so that the CPTC information is detected from the cassette tape.

[0143] IRD 276 receives the scrambled data, CPTC information and control word from CPTC detecting/processing portion 276 and reproducing portion 277 from DVCR 275. Therefore, for normal descrambling, the scrambled data and control word are supplied to scrambler 273 from digital output controller 272. To the digital output port, only the scrambled data is output. For this reason, in case that the reproduced data is scrambled, copying is made impossible, and vise versa.

[0144] Commonly, in order to control tape copying, the depth of generation copy and the reproduction of tape to be copied are used together. As shown in Fig. 7, this yields the effect of controlling the number of copiable tape.

[0145] However, in order to allow copying tape to be reproducible as many as a predetermined number or for

a predetermined time, it is necessary to perform communication between the smart card and DVCR.

[0146] Referring to Fig. 23, tape state information such as the reproduction number of the current tape is transmitted to smart card 261 from DVCR 265. In order to erase the tape, an enable erase signal is transmitted to DVCR 265 from smart card 261, and the erase head of the DVCR operates.

[0147] For tape erasing methods, the whole area of tape is erased by the full-width erase head, or only the control track is erased using the control head. In case that the CPTC is contained in the EMM, signals are input and output between the DVCR and smart card.

[0148] As the signals input to IRD 266, there are a broadcasting signal transmitted from a broadcasting medium and a signal reproduced from DVCR 265. The broadcasting signal input to IRD 266 is the scrambled digital data and a control signal having the EMM, ECM and CPTC information. The EMM and ECM are required for CA, the CPTC for copyright protection.

[0149] The scrambled digital data is input to descrambler 263. The control signal is input to smart card 261 for performing CA and CP. Using the control signal, smart card 261 restores control word CW and outputs it to descrambler 263. Descrambler 263 descrambles it using the control word.

[0150] The ECM output from smart card 261 is output to DVCR 265 or to an external port. This ECM is updated from the ECM input for copyright protection. The output disable signal output from smart card 261 is a signal to instruct IRD 266 to prohibit recording or copying. This signal is input to recording/digital output controller 262. The tape state signal is output to smart card 261 from DVCR 265 in order to inform the state of tape.

[0151] The signal output to DVCR 265 from smart card 261 for the purpose of a predetermined-number reproduction or predetermined-time reproduction is an erase enable signal. The signal for allowing recorded and copied tape to be reproducible even though the EMM information of the smart card is changed is an ID signal.

[0152] The ID signal is mapped and stored with corresponding EMM in the lookup table of smart card 261. If necessary, the EMM corresponding to the ID signal is output.

[0153] As shown in Fig. 24, the smart card comprises an ECM filter 301 for filtering the ECM from the bit stream output from the IRD, a CPTC/tape state signal filter 302 for filtering the CPTC information and the tape state signal indicative of the state of tape from the bit stream output from the IRD, an EMM filter 303 for filtering the EMM from the bit stream output from the IRD, a lookup table 304 for, in case that the EMM is updated for copyright protection by a broadcasting station, storing the previous EMM containing information required to decode the CPTC information, and outputting CPTC information corresponding in reproduction in order to continuously reproduce the program of cassette tape

copied, an EMM processing portion 307 for processing the EMM using the EMM output from EMM filter 303 and lookup table 304 and the tape state signal output from CPTC/tape state signal filter 302, a CPTC processing portion 306 for processing the CPTC information using the signals output from CPTC/tape state signal filter 302 and EMM processing portion 307, and a CA processing portion 305 for outputting control word CW using the signals output from ECM filter 301 and EMM processing portion 307.

[0154] In case that the CPTC information is contained in the EMM, as shown in Fig. 25, smart card 221 comprises an ECM filter 311 for filtering the ECM from the bit stream output from the IRD, an EMM filter 312 for filtering the EMM containing the EMM from the bit stream output from the IRD, a tape state signal filter 313 for filtering the tape state signal output from the IRD, a lookup table 314 for, in case that the EMM is updated for copyright protection by a broadcasting station, storing the previous EMM containing information required to decode the CPTC information, and outputting CPTC information corresponding in reproduction in order to continuously reproduce the program of cassette tape copied, an EMM processing portion 317 for processing the EMM using the EMM output from EMM filter 312 and lookup table 314 and the tape state signal output from tape state signal filter 313, a CPTC processing portion 316 for processing the CPTC information using the signals output from EMM filter 312 and tape state signal filter 313, to thereby output ECM, enable erase signal and ID signal, and a CA processing portion 315 for outputting control word CW using the signals output from ECM filter 311 and EMM processing portion 317.

[0155] ECM filter 301 or 311, CPTC/tape state signal filter 302, EMM filter 303 or 312, and tape state signal filter 313 extract ECM, CPTC, tape state signal and EMM, respectively. CA processing portion 305 or 315 generates a control word and performs CA. EMM processing portion 307 or 317 outputs the EMM information to CA processing portion 305 or 315 and CPTC processing portion 306 or 316, and additionally stores the received EMM to the lookup table.

[0156] In case that the scrambled digital data and encoded CPTC information are recorded on tape and that the EMM information required to decode the CPTC information is changed, the reproduction of tape is made impossible. According to this fact, the previous EMM is stored in a memory such as the EEPROM of the smart card as shown in Figs. 13 and 14, which is the same as described before.

[0157] Specifically, the lookup table is divided into two fields and stores ID information and EMM information, as shown in Fig. 13. In recording and copying, the ID information is recorded on tape, as shown in Fig. 14 in order to select corresponding EMM from the ID information recorded in the reproduction of tape.

[0158] In other words, referring to Fig. 14, EMM processing portion 307 receives a recording/playback

signal indicating that the current DVCR mode is recording or playback, ID, and tape state signal having information of reproduction number of tape, selects a proper EMM from the lookup table, outputs it to CPTC processing portion 306 or 316 and CA processing portion 305 or 315, and transmits the ID information for the purpose of recording and copying to record it on tape.

[0159] Referring to Fig. 11, CPTC processing portion 306 or 316 performs copyright protection for recording or copying. The CPTC information or ECM containing the CPTC information is input to output the output disable signal, enable erase signal, and the CPTC or ECM containing the CPTC.

[0160] In order to control generation copy, CPTC processing portion 306 or 316, in case that the permissible generation of the permissible generational field is greater than the present generation recorded on tape, the present generational field is increased by 1 and encrypted again. If not, the output disable signal is generated to prohibit recording and copying.

[0161] In order to control reproduction, in case that the reproducible number of tape is greater than the reproducible number of the reproducible number field or the maximum reproducible time of the maximum reproducible time field is greater than the current time, CPTC processing portion 306 or 316 generates enable erase signal to operate the erase head of the DVCR.

[0162] In case that time delay produced when the CPTC or the ECM containing the CPTC is encrypted again becomes a problem to solve, CPTC processing portion 306 or 316 transmits the current generation signal to the DVCR and records it on tape, not modifying the CPTC or the ECM containing the CPTC.

[0163] The illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system embodying the present invention has means for recording and reproducing the reproduction number information of tape in the DVCR in order to implement the predetermined-number reproducibility of recorded or copied tape. Here, the reproduction number information of tape is updated and recorded again during tape reproduction.

[0164] As shown in Fig. 26, the DVCR comprises a deck mechanism 406, a recording/reproducing portion 405 for recording digital data on cassette tape according to the deck mechanism and reproducing the digital data recorded on cassette tape, a reproduction number detecting/updating portion 401 for detecting/updating the reproduction number from the digital data reproduced from recording/reproducing portion 405, and outputting it to the IRD in order to rerecord it in recording/reproducing portion 405, a digital data processing portion 402 for processing the digital data reproduced from recording/ reproducing portion 405, outputting it to the IRD, and outputting switching position information for recording and reproducing, a recording/playback switching portion 404 for outputting a switching signal for controlling the reproduction number, the reproduction of digital data and the recording of the updated reproduction number

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using the switching position information output from digital data processing portion 402, and an error correction encoder/decoder 403 for correcting the error of data output from digital data processing portion 402, and encoding and decoding the data to be output to digital data processing portion 402.

[0165] In order to update and rerecord the reproduction number information of tape during playback, the reproduction number information of tape is recorded using an encoding algorithm. Otherwise, the information is recorded as clear data not encoded.

[0166] The recording position of the reproduction number information of tape uses part of audio, control and video tracks. For error correction to the reproduction number information of tape, a repetition coding is employed. The operation of the DVCR will be described below.

[0167] When reproduced by recording/reproducing portion 405 with the cassette tape loaded on deck mechanism 406, the reproduced digital data is input to reproduction number detecting/updating portion 401 and digital data processing portion 402 so that its reproduction number is detected and the digital data is processed and output.

[0168] The reproduction number detected in reproduction number detecting/updating portion 401 is updated, that is, increased by 1, and applied to recording/reproducing portion 405.

[0169] Digital data processing portion 402 applies the reproduced digital data output from recording/reproducing portion 405 to error correction encoder/decoder 403 to perform error correction, encoding and decoding. The result is output to the IRD to be displayed or recorded. At the same time, the switching position information is output to recording/reproducing switching portion 404 in order to output a switching signal.

[0170] The switching signal output from recording/reproducing switching portion 404 controls recording/reproducing portion, to thereby record the updated reproduction number output from reproduction number detecting/updating portion 401, that is, the reproduction number added by 1, on tape.

[0171] Recording/reproducing switching portion 404 controls the reproduction number, the reproduction of digital data recorded on tape, and the recording of the updated reproduction number.

[0172] In another method of implementing the predetermined-number reproducibility of recorded or copied tape, an identifier is given to all tape used for a user to record broadcast programs, and the identifier given to tape and the reproducibility number information of tape corresponding to the identifier are handled together in the smart card.

[0173] Here, the smart card has a memory device which can be updated, such as EEPROM. The identifier and corresponding reproducible number information are stored in the memory device. For every reproduction of tape, the reproducible number information is updated

and whether to playback is determined.

[0174] In conclusion, the described embodiments have the following advantages.

[0175] First, by adding CPTC information to data supplied, and by allowing a digital program to be normally viewed only when a CPTC detecting/analyzing means and descrambling/decrypting means are present at the receiving stage, illegal viewing is prohibited.

[0176] Second, to enhance copyright protection, data recorded on cassette tape is always scrambled digital data, and its CPTC information is encrypted to be recorded on cassette tape. A code for prohibiting viewable data from being restored from the cassette tape only with the scrambled data and CPTC information, and allowing the data to be viewable is provided in a device excluding the cassette tape. Otherwise, restoring of viewable data is made possible only with the scrambled data and CPTC information, making illegal copy impossible.

[0177] Third, using a method of restoring the viewable data only with the scrambled digital data and CPTC, rental tape is made to supply tape. Otherwise, using a method of prohibiting the viewable data from being restored only with the scrambled digital data and CPTC, rental tape is made to supply tape and smart card peculiar to a program provider as one set. Using the smart card for broadcasting medium, the rental tape is made to prohibit the viewable data from being restored only with the scrambled digital data and CPTC. Among the three methods of supplying tape only, one method is selected. Digital hardware for reproducing the data outputs only the scrambled digital data to an external port, making impossible the restoring of viewable data from the output data, without the smart card.

[0178] Fourth, the described embodiment prohibits illegal recording and copying of a program protected by copyright law, collects fee for recording or copying, and freely controls the reproducible number of copied tape which can be made from a program supplied by a program supplier, protecting copyright.

[0179] Fifth, the described embodiment can be used as a copyright protection system having a high security and multifunction with respect to a program through a broadcasting medium such as satellite and terrestrial broadcastings, or, at the same time, as a copy protection system having a high security to a program through a recording medium such as rental tape.

[0180] Sixth, the described embodiment is employed to digital hardware such as broadcasting receiver and digital VCR, to thereby perfectly protect a program supplier's copyright and activates digital media because of various software supplied through the digital media.

55 Claims

 An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system comprising:

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an audio/video signal transmission step of multiplexing (106) and transmitting encrypted control words, encrypted CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection, and an audio/video bit stream scrambled using said control words;

an audio/video reception step of decrypting (111) the transmitted bit stream to obtain the CPTC information and control words, using said CPTC information to decide (115) whether recording to cassette tape of the audio/video bit stream is allowed or not, and using the control words to perform descrambling (116) and decoding (117) of the transmitted bit stream to output audio/video signals to a monitor.

- 2. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said CPTC information is formatted in a generational copy control field for limiting the number of copy available, and a reproducibility control field for limiting the reproduction of a copied program.
- An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said CPTC information is formatted containing a descrambling information field where part of the control words for descrambling are recorded.
- 4. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said CPTC information is formatted further containing a CA field where CA information for conditional access is recorded.
- 5. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said generational copy control field is made up of a permissible generational field for limiting the number of copy permissible and a present generational field for indicating the present generation of a program copied.
- 6. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 2, wherein said reproduction control field is made up of a reproducible number field for limiting the number of reproducing a copied program, and a maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program.
- 7. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein if recording to cassette tape is allowed, then the data so recorded on cassette tape contains the scrambled audio/video bit stream and the CPTC information.

- 8. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 7, wherein said CPTC information is overwritten on the scrambled audio/video bit stream for the error effect and recorded on cassette tape.
- 9. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 7, wherein said CPTC information is recorded on a portion of any of the audio track of cassette tape, the control track of cassette tape, or the video track of cassette tape.
- 10. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said audio/video signal transmission step comprises the steps of:

encoding the audio/video bit stream;

generating (105) a control word for scrambling; scrambling (104) the encoded audio/video bit stream using the generated control word; generating (102) CPTC information for illegal

view/copy protection;

encrypting (103) the control word and CPTC information; and

multiplexing (106) and transmitting the scrambled audio/video bit stream and encrypted CPTC information.

11. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said audio/video signal transmission step comprises the steps of:

> encoding (100) the audio/video bit stream; generating (105) a control word for scrambling; scrambling (104) the encoded audio/video bit stream using the generated control word;

generating (102) CPTC information for illegal view/copy protection;

generating (101) conditional access (CA) information for conditional reception;

encrypting (103) the CPTC infornation and CA information; and

multiplexing (106) and transmitting the scrambled audio/video bit stream and encrypted CPTC information and conditional access information.

- 12. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said audio/video reception step comprises the steps of:
 - filtering (110) the transmitted bit stream and decrypting (111) the CPTC information; analyzing (113) the CPTC information to gen-

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erate a control word and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and to update the CPTC information;

deciding (115) whether to allow recording of the scrambled and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright; and descrambling (116) and decoding (117) the transmitted bit stream using the control word and outputting an audio/video signal.

- 13. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 12, wherein said all of said control word is contained in the CPTC information.
- 14. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 7, wherein Entitlement Control Message (ECM) and Entitlement Management Message (EMM) information are included in the transmission.
- **15.** An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 14, wherein said audio/video reception step comprises the steps of:

filtering the transmitted bit stream and decrypting the CPTC information and control word; filtering the control word;

analyzing the CPTC information to generate a control word and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and to update the CPTC information;

deciding whether to allow recording according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to record the scrambled and transaitted bit stream on cassette tape; and descrambling and decoding the transmitted bit stream in control words and outputting an audio/video signal.

16. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in either of claims 12 or 15, wherein said CPTC information analyzing step (113) comprises the steps of:

generating a control word;

detecting (130, 131, 132, 133) a permissible generation of a permissible generational field for limiting the available number of copy of a program of the CPTC information and the present generation of the present generational field indicating the present generation of the program copied, to thereby perform copy-impossible and update the CPTC information; and detecting (134, 135, 136, 137) the reproducible number of the reproducible number field for lim-

iting the number of reproduction of copied programs of the CPTC information, the maximum reproducible time of the maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program, and the number and time of reproduction of tape, to thereby process reproduction-impossible.

17. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 16, wherein said copying number limiting step comprises the steps of:

> comparing (130) the permissible generation of the permissible generational field and the present generation of the present generational field and deciding whether the permissible generation is below the present generation;

> if the permissible generation is below the present generation, generating (131) an output disable signal to make copying impossible and destroying the control word; and

if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, increasing (132) the present generation by '1' and recording the result on cassette tape.

- 18. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 17, wherein said copying number limiting step further comprises the step of, if the permissible generation is not below the present generation, updating (133) the CPTC information.
- 19. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 16 or claim 17, wherein said reproduction limiting step comprises the steps of:

comparing (134) the reproducible number of the reproducible number field and the reproduction number of tape and deciding whether the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape:

if the reproducible number is not below the reproduction number of tape, comparing (135) the maximum reproducible time and reproduction time of tape, and deciding whether the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape;

if the maximum reproducible time is not below reproduction time of tape, turning off (136) an enable erase signal to thereby enable the copied program to be reproduced; and

if the reproducible number is below the reproduction number of tape or the maximum reproducible time is below the reproduction time of tape, turning on (137) the enable erase signal

to make the reproduction of the copied program impossible so that part of or the whole program recorded on cassette tape is erased.

- 20. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 14 or claim 15, wherein part of the control word is contained in the CPTC information.
- 21. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 20, wherein the remainder of the control word is contained in the ECM.
- 22. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital 15 broadcasting system as claimed in claim 20, wherein the remainder of the control word is contained in the EMM.
- 23. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital 20 broadcasting system as claimed in claim 14 or claim 15, wherein the whole control word is contained in the ECM.
- 24. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 14 or claim 15, wherein the whole control word is contained in the EMM.
- **25.** An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital ³⁰ broadcasting system as claimed in claim 14, further comprising a reproduction and rerecording step of: decrypting (121) the data recorded and reproduced on cassette tape, analyzing (122) the CPTC information, deciding (124) whether to allow rerecording, recording the result on cassette tape, filtering the control word, and performing descrambling (125) and decoding (126) to output an audio/video signal.
- 26. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 25, wherein said audio/video reproduction and rerecording step comprises the steps of:

filtering (120) the data recorded and reproduced on video tape, and decrypting (121) the **CPTC** information

analyzing (122) the CPTC information to generate control words and a signal for controlling the protection of copyright and update the CPTC information;

deciding (124) whether to allow recording according to the signal of controlling the protection of copyright, and recording the scrambled 55 and transmitted bit stream on cassette tape;

descrambling (125) and decoding (126) the

transmitted bit stream in control words to output an audio/video signal.

27. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 26, wherein said audio/video reproduction and rerecording step comprises the step of deciding whether to allow post-reproduction according to the signal for controlling the protection of copyright to thereby erase part of or the whole data recorded on cassette tape.

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- 28. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 25, wherein said EMM contains information required for decoding information
- 29. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 28, further comprising the step of storing and processing EMM in which, in case that the EMM is updated by a broadcasting station for the purpose of copyright protection, the EMM having information required to decode the CPTC information is stored in order to continuously reproduce programs of copied cassette tape.
- 30. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 29, wherein an ID number indicative of updating the EMM is recorded on said cassette tape.
- 31. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 30, wherein the EMM is stored to which the updating state and the ID number of cassette tape are mapped.
- 32. An illegal view/copy protection method for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 31, wherein said EMM storing and processing step comprises the steps of:

storing all EMM to be updated and corresponding ID information:

selecting the latest EMM in recording cassette

recording a corresponding ID number; and selecting an EMM corresponding to the ID number recorded on cassette tape in reproducing the cassette tape.

33. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system comprising:

> a program producing portion arranged to multiplex and transmit encrypted control words, encrypted CPTC information for prohibiting illegal view/copy, and an audio/video bit stream

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scrambled using said control words, to thereby make a program;

a distribution medium portion (201) arranged to distribute said program made in said program producing portion through a transmission medium; and

a program receiving portion (202) arranged to obtain and decrypt the CPTC information and control words, and to descramble and decode the audio/video bit stream from the program transmitted by said distribution medium portion using the control words, to use said CPTC information to decide whether recording to cassette tape of the audio/video bit stream is allowed or not, and to output said descrambled and decoded audio/video bit stream to a monitor.

34. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 33, wherein said program producing portion comprises:

a control word generator (203) for generating a control word for scrambling;

a CPTC generator (204) for generating the CPTC information for prohibiting illegal view/copy;

a scrambling portion (206) for scrambling the audio/vided bit stream using the control word output from said control word generator;

an encrypting portion (205) for encrypting the control word output from said control word generator and the CPTC information output from said CPTC generator; and

an adder (207) for multiplexing the signals output from said scrambling portion and encrypting portion and transmitting them to said distribution medium portion.

35. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 33, wherein said distribution medium portion comprises at least one of:

a broadcasting medium (208) for distributing the program made by said program producing portion (200) through cable, satellite or terrestrial broadcasting; and

a recording medium (209) for distributing the program made by said program producing portion through cassette tape.

36. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 35, wherein said program receiving portion (202) comprises:

a decrypting portion (210) for decrypting the

program received from said broadcasting medium:

a CPTC detecting/analyzing portion (211) for detecting and analyzing the CPTC information from the output from said decrypting portion or recording medium, and outputting signals for controlling the control word and illegal view/copy;

a descrambling portion (212) for descrambling the audio/video bit stream received from said distribution medium portion (202) to generate an audio/video signal;

a decoding portion (213) for decoding and displaying the audio/video signal output from said descrambling portio; and

a recording/reproducing portion (214) for recording to cassette tape the audio/video bit stream received from said distribution medium according to the signal output from said CPTC detecting/analyzing portion, and subsequently reproducing from said cassette tape, to thereby output the result to said descrambling portion and CPTC detecting/analyzing portion.

- 25 37. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 33, wherein said CPTC information is formatted in a generational copy control field for limiting the number of copy available, and a reproducibility control field for limiting the reproduction of a copied program.
 - 38. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 37, wherein said CPTC information is formatted further containing a descrambling information field where the whole or part of the control words for descrambling are recorded.
- 39. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 37, wherein said CPTC information is formatted further containing a Conditional Access (CA) field where CA information is recorded.
 - 40. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 37, wherein said generational copy control field is made up of a permissible generational field for limiting the number of copy permissible and a present generational field for indicating the present generation of a program copied.
 - 41. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 37, wherein said reproduction control field is made up of a reproducible number field for limiting the number of reproducing a copied program, and a

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maximum reproducible time field for limiting time to reproduce the copied program.

- **42.** An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 33, wherein the data recorded on cassette tape contains scrambled audio/video bit stream and CPTC information.
- 43. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 42, wherein said CPTC information is overwritten on the scrambled audio/video bit stream for the error effect and recorded on cassette tape.
- 44. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 42, wherein said CPTC information is recorded on a portion of any of the audio track of cassette tape, the control track of cassette tape, or the video track of cassette tape.
- **45.** An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 33, wherein said all of the control word is contained in the CPTC information.
- **46.** An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 33, wherein said bit stream transmitted contains Entitlement Control Message (ECM) and Entitlement Management Message (EMM) information.
- **47.** An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 46, wherein part of the control word is contained in the CPTC information.
- **48.** An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 47, wherein the remainder of the control word is contained in the ECM.
- 49. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 47, wherein the remainder of the control word is contained in the EMM.
- 50. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 46, wherein the whole control word is contained in the ECM.
- 51. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 46, wherein the whole control word is contained in the EMM.

52. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 46, wherein said program receiving portion comprises:

an Integrated Receiver/Decoder (IRD) (222) for receiving, decoding and descrambling the bit stream transmitted from said broadcasting medium, outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed and outputting scrambled digital audio/video data to be recorded on cassette tape; and

a smart card (221) for decrypting the bit stream output from said IRD, detecting/analyzing the CPTC information, and outputting the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy to said IRD in order to perform conditional access and copy protection.

- 53. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 52, wherein said program receiving portion further comprises a lookup table for, in case that the EMM is updated by a broadcasting station for the purpose of copyright protection, storing EMM having information required to decode the CPTC information, and outputting CPTC information corresponding in reproduction to said smart card in order to continuously reproduce the program of copied cassette tape.
- 54. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 52, wherein said oroaram receiving portion further comprises a Digital Video Cassette Recorder (DVCR) (223) for recording the digital audio/video data and CPTC information scrambled and output from said IRD on cassette tape, and reproducing the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information recorded on cassette tape to be output to said IRD.
- 55. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 54, wherein said smart card comprises:

an ECM filter (301) for filtering the ECM from the bit stream output from said IRD;

a CPTC/tape state signal filter (302) for filtering the CPTC information and the tape state signal indicative of the state of tape from the bit stream output from said IRD;

an EMM filter (303) for filtering the EMM from the bit stream output from said IRD;

a lookup table (304) for, in case that the EMM is updated for copyright protection by a broadcasting station, storing the previous EMM containing information required to decode the CPTC information, and outputting CPTC infor-

mation corresponding in reproduction in order to continuously reproduce the program of cassette tape copied;

an EMM processing portion (307) for processing the EMM using the EMM output from said EMM filter and lookup table and the tape state signal output from said CPTC/tape state signal filter;

a CPTC processing portion (306) for processing the CPTC information using the signals output from said CPTC/tape state signal filter and EMM processing portion; and

a CA processing portion (305) for outputting control word (CW) using the signals output from said ECM filter and EMM processing portion.

56. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 54, wherein said smart card comprises:

an ECM filter (311) for filtering the ECM from the bit stream output from said IRD;

an EMM filter (312) for filtering the EMM containing the EMM from the bit stream output from said IRD;

a tape state signal filter (313) for filtering the tape state signal output from said IRD;

a lookup table (314) for, in case that the EMM is updated for copyright protection by a broadcasting station, storing the previous EMM containing information required to decode the CPTC information, and outputting CPTC information corresponding in reproduction in order to continuously reproduce the program of cassette tape copied;

an EMM processing portion (317) for processing the EMM using the EMM output from said EMM filter and lookup table and the tape state signal output from said tape state signal filter; a CPTC processing portion (316) for processing the CPTC information using the signals output from said EMM filter and tape state signal filter, to thereby output ECM, enable erase signal and ID signal; and

a CA processing portion (315) for outputting control word using the signals output from said ECM filter and EMM processing portion.

57. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 54, wherein said DVCR comprises:

a deck mechanism (406);

a recording/reproducing portion (405) for recording digital data on cassette tape according to said deck mechanism and reproducing the digital data recorded on cassette tape;

a reproduction number detecting/updating por-

tion (401) for detecting/updating the reproduction number from the digital data reproduced from said recording/reproducing portion, and outputting it to said IRD in order to rerecord it in said recording/reproducing portion;

a digital data processing portion (402) for processing the digital data reproduced from said recording/reproducing portion, outputting it to said IRD, and outputting switching position information for recording and reproducing;

a recording/playback switching portion (404) for outputting a switching signal for controlling the reproduction number, the reproduction of digital data and the recording of the updated reproduction number using the switching position information output from said digital data processing portion; and

an error correction encoder/decoder (403) for correcting the error of data output from said digital data processing portion, and encoding and decoding the data to be output to said digital data processing portion.

58. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 35, wherein said program receiving portion comprises:

a DVCR (232) for detecting/analyzing the CPTC information from the bit stream transmicted from said recording medium, outputting a control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy, and reproducing scrambled digital audio/video data; and

an IRD (231) for receiving the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy output from said DVCR, 232, descrambling the scrambled digital audio/video data, and outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed or recorded.

59. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 58, wherein said DVCR comprises:

a CPTC detecting/processing portion (276) for detecting/analyzing the CPTC information from the bit stream transmitted from said recording medium, and outputting the control word and signals for illegal view/copy; and

a reproducing portion (277) for reproducing the bit stream transmitted from said recording medium and outputting it to said IRD.

60. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 59, wherein said IRD comprises:

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a digital output controller (272) for receiving the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy output from said CPTC detecting/ processing portion, and controlling the output of the scrambled digital audio/video data output from said reproducing portion in order to display them:

a descrambler (273) for descrambling the scrambled digital audio/video data output from said digital output controller according to the control word output from said digital output controller; and

a display processing portion (273) for processing and outputting the digital audio/video data output from said descrambler in order to display them.

61. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 35, wherein said program receiving portion comprises:

a DVCR (265) for reproducing the scrambled digital audio/video data and CPTC information recorded on cassette tape through a recording medium, and outputting them to said IRD;

an IRD (266) for decoding/descrambling the bit stream transmitted from said DVCR, and outputting analog audio/video data to be displayed; and

a smart card (261) for decrypting the bit stream output from said IRD, detecting/analyzing the CPTC, and outputting the control word and signals for controlling copying to said IRD to thereby perform copy protection and/or conditional access.

62. An illegal view/copy protection apparatus for a digital broadcasting system as claimed in claim 54 or claim 61, wherein said IRD comprises:

a recording/digital output controller (262) for decoding the bit stream transmitted from the broadcasting medium and DVCR, outputting to said smart card, receiving the control word and signals for controlling illegal view/copy output from said smart card, and controlling the output of the scrambled digital audio/video data for the purpose of recording and displaying;

a descrambler (263) for descrambling the scrambled digital audio/video data output from said recording/digital output controller according to the control word output from said recording/digital output controller; and

a display processing portion (264) for processing and outputting the digital audio/video data output from said descrambler to be displayed.

Patentansprüche

 Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem, umfassend:

> einen Audio/Video-Signalübertragungsschritt zum Multiplexen (106) und Übertragen verschlüsselter Steuerwörter, verschlüsselter CPTC-Information für einen Schutz gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopien und eines unter Verwendung der Steuerwörter chiffrierten Audio/ Video-Bitstroms; und

> einen Audio/Video-Empfangsschritt zum Entschlüsseln (111) des übertragenen Bitstroms, um die CPTC-Information und die Steuerwörter zu erhalten, wobei die CPTC-Information verwendet wird, um zu entscheiden (115), ob ein Aufzeichnen des Audio/Video-Bitstroms auf Kassettenband erlaubt ist oder nicht, und wobei die Steuerwörter zum Durchführen eines Dechiffrierens (116) und Decodierens (117) des übertragenen Bitstroms verwendet werden, um Audio/Video-Signale zu einem Monitor auszugeben.

- 2. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 1, wobei die CPTC-Information in einem Generationskopie-Steuerfeld formatiert ist für ein Begrenzen der erhältlichen Anzahl von Kopien und einem Reproduzierbarkeit-Steuerfeld für ein Begrenzen der Reproduktion eines kopierten Programms.
- 35 3. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch
 2, wobei die CPTC-Information mit Enthalten eines Dechiffrier-Informationsfelds formatiert ist, in welchem ein Teil der Steuerwörter zum Dechiffrieren aufgezeichnet ist.
 - 4. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 2, wobei die CPTC-Information ferner mit Enthalten eines CA-Felds formatiert ist, in welchem CA-Information für einen bedingten Zugriff aufgezeichnet ist.
 - 5. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 2, wobei das Generationskopie-Steuerfeld gebildet ist von einem Zulässiggenerationsfeld für ein Begrenzen der zulässigen Anzahl von Kopien und einem Vorliegendgenerationsfeld zum Angeben der vorliegenden Generation eines kopierten Programms.
 - 6. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopie-

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ren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 2, wobei das Reproduktion-Steuerfeld gebildet ist von einem Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahlfeld für ein Begrenzen der Anzahl von Reproduktionen eines kopierten Programms und einem Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeitfeld für ein Begrenzen der Zeit zum Reproduzieren des kopierten Programms.

- 7. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 1, wobei, falls ein Aufzeichnen auf Kassettenband erlaubt ist, die so auf Kassettenband aufgezeichneten Daten dann den chiffrierten Audio/Video-Bitstrom und die CPTC-Information enthalten.
- 8. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 7, wobei die CPTC-Information auf dem chiffrierten Audio/Video-Bitstrom für den Fehlereffekt überschrieben wird und auf Kassettenband aufgezeichnet wird.
- 9. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 7, wobei die CPTC-Information aufgezeichnet wird auf einem Abschnitt der Audiospur des Kassettenbands, der Steuerspur des Kassettenbands oder der Videospur des Kassettenbands.
- Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch
 wobei der Audio/Video-Signalübertragungsschritt die Schritte umfaßt:

Codieren des Audio/Video-Bitstroms:

Erzeugen (105) eines Steuerworts zum Chiffrieren;

Chiffrieren (104) des codierten Audio/Video-Bitstroms unter Verwendung des erzeugten Steuerworts;

Erzeugen (102) der CPTC-Information für einen Schutz gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren;

Verschlüsseln (103) des Steuerworts und der CPTC-Information; und

Multiplexen (106) und Übertragen des chiffrierten Audio/Video-Bitstroms und der verschlüsselten CPTC-Information.

Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch
 wobei der Audio/Video-Signalübertragungsschritt die Schritte umfaßt:

Codieren (100) des Audio/Video-Bitstroms;

Erzeugen (105) eines Steuerworts zum Chiffrieren;

Chiffrieren (104) des codierten Audio/Video-Bitstroms unter Verwendung des erzeugten Steuerworts;

Erzeugen (102) der CPTC-Information für einen Schutz gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren;

Erzeugen (101) einer Bedingtzugriff (CA)-Information für einen bedingten Empfang;

Verschlüsseln (103) der CPTC-Information und der CA-Information; und

Multiplexen (106) und Übertragen des chiffrierten Audio/Video-Bitstroms und der verschlüsselten CPTC-Information und Bedingtzugriffinformation.

 Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch
 wobei der Audio/Video-Empfangsschritt die Schritte umfaßt:

Filtern (110) des übertragenen Bitstroms und Entschlüsseln (111) der CPTC-Information;

Analysieren (113) der CPTC-Information, um ein Steuerwort und ein Signal für ein Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zu erzeugen und die CPTC-Information zu aktualisieren;

Entscheiden (115), ob ein Aufzeichnen des chiffrierten und übertragenen Bitstroms auf Kassettenband entsprechend dem Signal zum Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zu erlauben ist; und

Dechiffrieren (116) und Decodieren (117) des übertragenen Bitstroms unter Verwendung des Steuerworts und Ausgeben eines Audio/Video-Signals.

- Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch
 wobei das gesamte Steuerwort in der CPTC-Information enthalten ist.
- 14. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 7, wobei eine Berechtigungssteuermeldung (ECM)-und eine Berechtigungsverwaltungsmeldung (EMM)-Information in der Übertragung enthalten

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sind.

15. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 14, wobei der Audio/Video-Empfangsschritt die Schritte umfaßt:

> Filtern des übertragenen Bitstroms und Entschlüsseln der CPTC-Information und des Steuerworts:

Filtern des Steuerworts;

Analysieren der CPTC-Information, um ein Steuerwort und ein Signal zum Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zu erzeugen und die CPTC-Information zu aktualisieren;

Entscheiden, ob ein Aufzeichnen entsprechend dem Signal zum Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zum Aufzeichnen des chiffrierten und übertragenen Bitstroms auf Kassettenband zu erlauben ist; und

Dechiffrieren und Decodieren des übertragenen Bitstroms in Steuerwörtern und Ausgeben eines Audio/Video-Signals.

16. , Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach einem 30 der Ansprüche 12 oder 15, wobei der CPTC-Information-Analyseschritt (113) die Schritte umfaßt;

Erzeugen eines Steuerworts;

Erfassen (130, 131, 132, 133) einer Zulässiggeneration aus einem Zulässiggenerationsfeld für ein Begrenzen der erhältlichen Anzahl von Kopien eines Programms aus der CPTC-Information und der Vorliegendgeneration aus dem Vorliegendgenerationsfeld, welches die vorliegende Generation des kopierten Programms angibt, um dadurch eine Kopierunmöglichkeit vorzusehen und die CPTC-Information zu aktualisieren; und

Erfassen (134, 135, 136, 137) der Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahl aus dem Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahlfeld für ein Begrenzen der Reproduktionsanzahl von kopierten Programmen aus der CPTC-Information, der Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeit aus dem Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeitfeld für ein Begrenzen der Zeit zum Reproduzieren des kopierten Programms, und der Anzahl und Zeit der Reproduktion des Bands, um dadurch eine Reproduktionsunmöglichkeit zu verarbeiten.

17. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 16, wobei der Kopieranzahlbegrenzungsschritt die Schritte umfaßt:

Vergleichen (130) der Zulässiggeneration aus dem Zulässiggenerationsfeld mit der Vorliegendgeneration aus dem Vorliegendgenerationsfeld und Entscheiden, ob die Zulässiggeneration unterhalb der Vorliegendgeneration ist;

falls die Zulässiggeneration unterhalb der Vorliegendgeneration ist, Erzeugen (131) eines Ausgabeverbotsignals, um ein Kopieren unmöglich zu machen und

Zerstören des Steuerworts; und

falls die Zulässiggeneration nicht unterhalb der Vorliegendgeneration ist, Erhöhen (132) der Vorliegenderfindung um "1" und Aufzeichnen des Resultats auf Kassettenband.

- 18. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 17, wobei der Kopieranzahlbegrenzungschritt ferner den Schritt des Aktualisierens (133) der CPTC-Information, falls die Zulässiggeneration nicht unterhalb der Vorliegendgeneration ist, umfaßt.
- Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 16 oder Anspruch 17, wobei der Reproduktionbegrenzungschritt die Schritte umfaßt;

Vergleichen (134) der Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahl aus dem Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahlfeld mit der Reproduktionanzahl des Bands und Entscheiden, ob die Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahl unterhalb der Reproduktionanzahl des Bands ist:

falls die Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahl nicht unterhalb der Reproduktionanzahl des Bands ist, Vergleichen (135) der Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeit mit der Reproduktionzeit des Bands, und Entscheiden, ob die Maximumreduzierbarkeitzeit unterhalb der Reproduktionzeit des Bands ist;

falls die Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeit nicht unterhalb der Reproduktionzeit des Bands ist, Ausschalten (136) eines Löscherlaubnissignals, um dadurch zu erlauben, daß das kopierte Programm reproduziert wird; und

falls die Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahl unterhalb der Reproduktionanzahl des Bands ist oder die

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Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeit unterhalb der Reproduktionzeit des Bands ist, Einschalten (137) des Löscherlaubnissignals, um die Reproduktion des kopierten Programms unmöglich zu machen, so daß ein Teil oder das gesamte auf Kassettenband aufgezeichnete Programm gelöscht wird.

- 20. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 14 oder Anspruch 15, wobei ein Teil des Steuerworts in der CPTC-Information enthalten ist.
- Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 20, wobei der Rest des Steuerworts in der ECM enthalten ist.
- 22. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 20, wobei der Rest des Steuerworts in der EMM enthalten ist.
- 23. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 14 oder Anspruch 15, wobei das gesamte Steuerwort in der ECM enthalten ist.
- 24. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 14 oder Anspruch 15, wobei das gesamte Steuerwort in der EMM enthalten ist.
- 25. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 14, ferner umfassend einen Reproduktion- und Wiederaufzeichnung-Schritt, umfassend: Entschlüsseln (121) der Daten, die aufgezeichnet und reproduziert auf Kassettenband sind, Analysieren (122) der CPTC-Information, Entscheiden (124), ob ein Wiederaufzeichnen zu erlauben ist, Aufzeichnen des Resultats auf Kassettenband, Filtern des Steuerworts und Durchführen eines Dechiffrierens (125) und Decodierens (126), um ein Audio/Video-Signal auszugeben.
- 26. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 25, wobei der Audio/Video-Reproduktion- und Wiederaufzeichnung-Schritt die Schritte umfaßt:

Filtern (120) der Daten, die aufgezeichnet und reproduziert auf Videoband sind, und Entschlüsseln (121) der CPTC-Information;

Analysieren (122) der CPTC-Information, um Steuerwörter und ein Signal zum Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zu erzeugen und die CPTC-Information zu aktualisieren;

Entscheiden (124), ob ein Aufzeichnen entsprechend dem Signal zum Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zu erlauben ist, und Aufzeichnen des chiffrierten und übertragenen Bitstroms auf Kassettenband; und

Dechiffrieren (125) und Decodieren (126) des transmittierten Bitstroms in Steuerwörter, um ein Audio/Video-Signal auszugeben.

- 27. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 26, wobei der Audio/Video-Reproduktion- und Wiederaufzeichnung-Schritt den Schritt des Entscheidens umfaßt, ob eine Nach-Reproduktion entsprechend dem Signal zum Steuern des Copyright-Schutzes zu erlauben ist, um dadurch einen Teil oder die gesamten auf Kassettenband aufgezeichneten Daten zu löschen.
- 28. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 25, wobei die EMM Information enthält, die für ein Decodieren von Information erforderlich ist.
- 29. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 28, ferner umfassend den Schritt des Speicherns und Verarbeitens der EMM, wobei, in dem Fall, daß die EMM durch eine Fernsehstation zum Zwecke des Copyright-Schutzes aktualisiert wird, die EMM, welche zum Decodieren der CPTC-Information erforderliche Information aufweist, gespeichert wird, um Programme von kopiertem Kassettenband kontinuierlich zu reproduzieren.
- 30. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 29, wobei eine ID-Nummer, welche für das Aktualisieren der EMM bezeichnend ist, auf dem Kassettenband aufgezeichnet wird.
- 45 31. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 30, wobei die EMM gespeichert wird, der der Aktualisierungszustand und die ID-Nummer des Kassettenbands zu geordnet werden.
 - 32. Schutzverfahren gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 31, wobei der Schritt des Speicherns und Verarbeitens der EMM die Schritte umfaßt:

Speichern aller zu aktualisierender EMM und korrespondierender ID-Information,

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Wählen der letzten EMM beim Aufzeichnen des Kassettenbands:

Aufzeichnen einer entsprechenden ID-Nummer; und

Wählen einer EMM entsprechend der auf Kassettenband aufgezeichneten ID-Nummer beim Reproduzieren des Kassettenbands.

 Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem, umfassend:

einen Programmproduktionsabschnitt, der ausgebildet ist zum Multiplexen und Übertragen von verschlüsselten Steuerwörtern, verschlüsselter CPTC-Information für ein Verhindern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens und eines AudioNideo-Bitstroms, der unter Verwendung der Steuerwörter chiffriert wird, um dadurch ein Programm bereitzustellen;

ein Verbreitungsmediumabschnitt (201), der ausgebildet ist zum Verbreiten des in dem Programmproduktionsabschnitt bereitgestellten Programms über ein Übertragungsmedium; und

einen Programmempfangsabschnitt (202), der ausgebildet ist zum Erhalten und Entschlüsseln der CPTC-Information und der Steuerwärter und zum Dechiffrieren und Decodieren des Audio/Video-Bitstroms aus dem durch den Verbreitungsmediumabschnitt übertragenen Programm unter Verwendung der Steuerwörter, um die CPTC-Information zu verwenden, um zu entscheiden, ob ein Aufzeichnen des Audio/Video-Bitstroms auf Kassettenband erlaubt ist oder nicht, und zum Ausgeben des dechiffrierten und decodierten Audio/Video-Bitstroms zu 40 einem Monitor.

34. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 33, wobei der Programmproduktionsabschnitt umfaßt:

einen Steuerwortgenerator (203) zum Erzeugen eines Steuerworts für ein Chiffrieren;

einen CPTC-Generator (204) zum Erzeugen der CPTC-Information für ein Verhindern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens;

einen Chiffrierabschnitt (206) zum Chiffrieren 55 des Audio/Video-Bitstroms unter Verwendung des von dem Steuerwortgenerator ausgegebenen Steuerworts;

einen Verschlüsselungsabschnitt (205) zum Verschlüsseln des von dem Steuerwortgenerator ausgegebenen Steuerworts und der von dem CPTC-Generator ausgegebenen CPTC-Information: und

einen Addierer (207) zum Multiplexen der von dem Chiffrierabschnitt und dem Verschlüsselungsabschnitt ausgegebenen Signale und zum Übertragen dieser zu dem Verbreitungsmediumabschnitt.

35. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 33, wobei der Verbreitungsmediumabschnitt umfaßt:

> ein Fernsehmedium (208) zum Verbreiten des durch den Programmproduktionsabschnitt (200) bereitgestellten Programms über Kabel, Satellit oder erdgebundenes Fernsehen; und/ oder

> ein Aufzeichnungsmedium (209) zum Verbreiten des durch den Programmproduktionsabschnitt bereitgestellten Programms über Kassettenband.

36. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 35, wobei der Programmempfangsabschnitt (202) umfaßt;

einen Entschlüsselungsabschnitt (210) zum Entschlüsseln des von dem Fernsehmedium empfangenen Programms;

einen CPTC-Erfassung/Analyse-Abschnitt (211) zum Erfassen und Analysieren der CPTC-Information von der Ausgabe von dem Entschlüsselungsabschnitt oder Aufzeichnungsmedium und Ausgeben von Signalen für ein Steuern des Steuerworts und des unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens;

einen Dechiffrierabschnitt (212) zum Dechiffrieren des von dem Verbreitungsmediumabschnitt (202) empfangenen Audio/Video-Bitstroms, um ein Audio/Video-Signal zu erzeugen;

einen Decodierabschnitt (213) zum Decodieren und Anzeigen des von dem Dechiffrierabschnitt ausgegebenen Audio/Video-Signals; und

einen Aufzeichnung/Reproduktion-Abschnitt (214) zum Aufzeichnen des von dem Verbrei-

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tungsmedium empfangenen Audio/Video-Bitstroms entsprechend dem von dem CPTC-Erfassung/Analyse-Abschnitt ausgegebenen Signals auf Kassettenband, und nachfolgend Reproduzieren von dem Kassettenband, um dadurch das Resultat zu dem Dechiffrierabschnitt und dem CPTC-Erfassung/Analyse-Abschnitt auszugeben.

- 37. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 33, wobei die CPTC-Information in einem Generationskopie-Steuerfeld formatiert ist für ein Begrenzen der erhältlichen Anzahl von Kopien und einem Reproduzierbarkeit-Steuerfeld für ein Begrenzen der Reproduktion eines kopierten Programms.
- 38. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 37, wobei die CPTC-Information formatiert ist ferner mit Enthalten eines Dechiffrierinformationfelds, in welchem die gesamten oder ein Teil der Steuerwörter zum Dechiffrieren aufgezeichnet ist.
- 39. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 37, wobei die CPTC-Information ferner mit Enthalten eines Bedingtzugriff (CA)-Felds formatiert ist, in welchem CA-Information aufgezeichnet 30 ist.
- 40. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 37, wobei das Generationskopie-Steuerfeld gebildet ist von einem Zulässiggenerationsfeld für ein Begrenzen der zulässigen Anzahl von Kopien und einem Vorliegendgenerationsfeld zum Angeben der vorliegenden Generation eines kopierten Programms.
- 41. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 37, wobei das Reproduktion-Steuerfeld gebildet ist von einem Reproduzierbarkeitsanzahlfeld für ein Begrenzen der Anzahl von Reproduktionen eines kopierten Programms und einem Maximumreproduzierbarkeitzeitfeld für ein Begrenzen der Zeit zum Reproduzieren des kopierten Programms.
- 42. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 33, wobei die auf Kassettenband aufgezeichneten Daten einen chiffrierten Audio/Video-Bitstrom und eine CPTC-Information enthalten.
- 43. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach An-

spruch 42, wobei die CPTC-Information auf dem chiffrierten Audio/Video-Bitstrom für den Fehlereffekt überschrieben wird und auf Kassettenband aufgezeichnet wird.

- 44. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 42, wobei die CPTC-Information aufgezeichnet wird auf einem Abschnitt der Audiospur des Kassettenbands, der Steuerspur des Kassettenbands oder der Videospur des Kassettenbands.
- **45.** Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 33, wobei das gesamte Steuerwort in der CPTC-Information enthalten ist.
- 46. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 33, wobei der übertragene Bitstrom eine Berechtigungssteuermeldung (ECM)- und eine Berechtigungsverwaltungsmeldung (EMM)-Information enthält.
- 47. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 46, wobei ein Teil des Steuerworts in der CPTC-Information enthalten ist.
- 30 48. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 47, wobei der Rest des Steuerworts in der ECM enthalten ist.
- 49. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 47, wobei der Rest des Steuerworts in der EMM enthalten ist.
- 40 50. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 46, wobei das gesamte Steuerwort in der ECM enthalten ist.
- 51. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 46, wobei das gesamte Steuerwort in der EMM enthalten ist.
- 50 52. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 46, wobei der Pragrammempfangsabschnitt umfaßt:
- einen integrierten Empfänger/Decoder (IRD)
 (222) zum Empfangen, Decodieren und Dechiffrieren des von dem Fernsehmedium übertragenen Bitstroms, Ausgeben anzuzeigender

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analoger Audio/Video-Daten und Ausgeben von auf Kassettenband aufzuzeichnenden digitalen Audio/Video-Daten; und

eine Chipkarte (221) zum Entschlüsseln des von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstroms, Erfassen/Analysieren der CPTC-Information und Ausgeben des Steuerworts und von Signalen zum Steuern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens zu dem IRD, um einen bedingten Zugriff und einen Kopierschutz vorzusehen.

- 53. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 52, wobei der Programmempfangsabschnitt ferner eine Verweistabelle umfaßt, um, in dem Fall, daß die EMM durch eine Fernsehstation zum Zwekke des Copyrightschutzes aktualisiert wird, die EMM, welche zum Decodieren der CPTC-Information erforderliche Information aufweist, zu speichern, und die CPTC-Information entsprechend der Reproduktion zu der Chipkarte auszugeben, um das Programm des kopierten Kassettenbands kontinuierlich zu reproduzieren.
- 54. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 52, wobei der Programmempfangsabschnitt ferner einen digitalen Videokassettenrekorder (DV-CR) (223) umfaßt zum Aufzeichnen der digitalen Audio/Video-Daten und der chiffrierten und von dem IRD ausgegebenen CPTC-Information auf Kassettenband und Reproduzieren der chiffrierten digitalen Audio/Video-Daten und der CPTC-Information, die auf Kassettenband aufgezeichnet ist, um zu dem IRD ausgeben zu werden.
- **55.** Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 54, wobei die Chipkarte umfaßt:

einen ECM-Filter (301) zum Filtern der ECM aus dem von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstrom;

einen CPTC/Bandzustand-Signalfilter (302) zum Filtern der CPTC-Information und des Bandzustandsignals, welches bezeichnend für den Zustand des Bands ist, aus dem von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstrom;

einen EMM-Filter (303) zum Filtern der EMM aus dem von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstrom;

eine Verweistabelle (304), um, in dem Fall, daß die EMM für einen Copyright-Schutz durch eine Fernsehstation aktualisiert wird, die vorherige EMM zu speichern, welche zum Decodieren der CPTC-Information erforderliche Informati-

on enthält, und die CPTC-Information entsprechend der Reproduktion auszugeben, um das Programm des kopierten Kassettenbands kontinuierlich zu reproduzieren;

einen EMM-Verarbeitungsabschnitt (307) zum Verarbeiten der EMM unter Verwendung der von dem EMM-Filter ausgegebenen EMM und der Verweistabelle und des von dem CPTC/Bandzustand-Signalfilter ausgegebenen Bandzustand-Signals;

einen CPTC-Verarbeitungsabschnitt (306) zum Verarbeiten der CPTC-Information unter Verwendung der von dem CPTC/Bandzustand-Signalfilter und dem EMM-Verarbeitungsabschnitt ausgegebenen Signale; und

einen CA-Verarbeitungsabschnitt (305) zum Ausgeben von einem Steuerwort (CW) unter Verwendung der von dem ECM-Filter und dem EMM-Verarbeitungsabschnitt ausgegebenen Signale.

56. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 54, wobei die Chipkarte umfaßt:

einen ECM-Filter (311) zum Filtern der ECM aus dem von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstrom;

einen EMM-Filter (312) zum Filtern der EMM enthaltend die EMM aus dem von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstrom;

einen Bandzustandsignalfilter (313) zum Filtern des Bandzustandsignals, das von dem IRD ausgegeben wird;

eine Verweistabelle (314), um, in dem Fall, daß die EMM für einen Copyrightschutz durch eine Fernsehstation aktualisiert wird, die vorherige EMM zu speichern, welche zum Decodieren der CPTC-Information erforderliche Information enthält, und CPTC-Information entsprechend der Reproduktion auszugeben, um das Programm des kopierten Kassettenbands kontinuierlich zu reproduzieren;

einen EMM-Verarbeitungsabschnitt (317) zum Verarbeiten der EMM unter Verwendung der von dem EMM-Filter ausgegebenen EMM und der Verweistabelle und des von dem Bandzustandsignalfilter ausgegebenen Bandzustandsignals;

einen CPTC-Verarbeitungsabschnitt (316) zum Verarbeiten der CPTC-Information unter Ver-

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wendung der von dem EMM-Filter und dem Bandzustandsignalfilter ausgegebenen Signale, um dadurch die ECM, das Löscherlaubnissignal und das ID-Signal auszugeben; und

einen CA-Verarbeitungsabschnitt (315) zum Ausgeben eines Steuerworts unter Verwendung der von dem ECM-Filter und dem EMM-Verarbeitungsabschnitt ausgegebenen Signale

57. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 54, wobei der DVCR umfaßt:

einen Deckmechanismus (406);

einen Aufzeichnung/Reproduktion-Abschnitt (405) zum Aufzeichnen digitaler Daten auf Kassettenband entsprechend dem Deckmechanismus und Reproduzieren der auf Kassettenband aufgezeichneten digitalen Daten;

einen Reproduktionanzahl-Erfassung/Aktualisierung-Abschnitt (401) zum Erfassen/Aktualisieren der Reproduktionanzahl aus den digitalen Daten, die von dem Aufzeichnung/Reproduktion-Abschnittreproduziert werden, und Ausgeben dieser zu dem IRD, um diese in dem Aufzeichnung/Reproduktion-Abschnitt wiederaufzuzeichnen;

einen Digitaldatenverarbeitungsabschnitt (402) zum Verarbeiten der von dem Aufzeichnung/Reproduktion-Abschnitt reproduzierten digitalen Daten, Ausgeben dieser zu dem IRD und Ausgeben einer Schaltstellunginformation für ein Aufzeichnen und Reproduzieren;

einen Aufzeichnung/Wiedergabe-Schaltabschnitt (404) zum Ausgeben eines Schaltsignals für ein Steuern der Reproduktionsanzahl, der Reproduktion von digitalen Daten und der Aufzeichnung der aktualisierten Reproduktionsanzahl unter Verwendung der Schaltstellunginformation, die von dem Digitaldatenverarbeitungsabschnitt ausgegeben wird; und

einen Fehlerkorrektur-Codierer/Decodierer (403) zum Korrigieren der Fehler von Daten, die von dem Digitaldatenverarbeitungsabschnitt ausgegeben werden, und Codieren und Decodieren der Daten, die zu dem Digitaldatenverarbeitungsabschnitt auszugeben sind.

58. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 35, wobei der Programmempfangsabschnitt umfaßt:

einen DVCR (232) für eine Erfassung/Analyse der CPTC-Information aus dem von dem Aufzeichnungsmedium übertragenen Bitstrom, Ausgeben eines Steuerworts und von Signalen für ein Steuern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens, und Reproduzieren chiffrierter digitaler Audio/Video-Daten; und

einen IRD (231) zum Empfangen des Steuerworts und von Signalen für ein Steuern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens, die von dem DVCR (232) ausgegeben werden, Dechiffrieren der chiffrierten digitalen Audio/Video-Daten und Ausgeben analoger Audio/Video-Daten, die anzuzeigen oder aufzuzeichnen sind.

59. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 58, wobei der DVCR umfaßt:

einen CPTC-Erfassung/Verarbeitung-Abschnitt (276) für eine Erfassung/Analyse der CPTC-Information aus dem von dem Aufzeichnungsmedium übertragenen Bitstrom und eine Ausgabe des Steuerworts und von Signalen für ein unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren; und

einen Reproduktionsabschnitt (277) zum Reproduzieren des von dem Aufzeichnungsmedium übertragenen Bitstroms und Ausgeben dieses zu dem IRD.

60. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 59, wobei der IRD umfaßt:

eine Digitalausgabe-Steuereinheit (272) zum Empfangen des Steuerworts und von Signalen für ein Steuern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens, die von dem CPTC-Erfassung/Verarbeitung-Abschnitt ausgegeben werden, und Steuern der Ausgabe der von dem Reproduktionsabschnitt ausgegebenen chiffrierten digitalen Audio-Video-Daten, um diese anzuzeigen;

einen Dechiffrierer (273) zum Dechiffrieren der chiffrierten digitalen Audio/Video-Daten, die von der Digitalausgabe-Steuereinheit entsprechend dem Steuerwort ausgegeben werden, welches von der Digitalausgabe-Steuereinheit ausgegeben wird; und

einen Anzeigeverarbeitungsabschnitt (273) zum Verarbeiten und Ausgeben der digitalen Audio/Video-Daten, die von dem Dechiffrierer

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ausgegeben werden, um diese anzuzeigen.

61. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 35, wobei der Programmempfangsabschnitt umfaßt:

einen DVCR (265) zum Reproduzieren der chiffrierten digitalen Audio/Video-Daten und der über ein Aufzeichnungsmedium auf Kassettenband aufgezeichneten CPTC-Information, und Ausgeben dieser zu dem IRD;

einen IRD (266) zum Decodieren/Dechiffrieren des von dem DVCR übertragenen Bitstroms und Ausgeben von anzuzeigenden analogen Audio/Video-Daten; und

eine Chipkarte (261) zum Entschlüsseln des von dem IRD ausgegebenen Bitstroms, Erfassen/Analysieren der CPTC und Ausgeben des Steuerworts und der Signale zum Steuern des Kopierens zu dem IRD, um dadurch einen Kopierschutz und/oder bedingten Zugriff vorzusehen.

62. Schutzeinrichtung gegen unerlaubtes Sehen/Kopieren für ein digitales Fernsehsystem nach Anspruch 54 oder Anspruch 61, wobei der IRD umfaßt:

eine Aufzeichnung/Digitalausgabe-Steuereinheit (262) zum Decodieren des von dem Fernsehmedium und DVCR übertragenen Bitstroms, Ausgeben an die Chipkarte, Empfangen des Steuerworts und von Signalen für ein Steuern eines unerlaubten Sehens/Kopierens, die von der Chipkarte ausgegeben werden, und Steuern der Ausgabe der chiffrierten digitalen Audio/Video-Daten zum Zwecke des Aufzeichnens und Anzeigens;

einen Dechiffrierer (263) zum Dechiffrieren der chiffrierten digitalen Audio/Video-Daten, die von der Aufzeichnung/Digitalausgabe-Steuereinheit ausgegeben werden, entsprechend dem von der Aufzeichnung/Digitalausgabe-Steuereinheit ausgegebenen Steuerwort; und

einen Anzeigeverarbeitungsabschnitt (264) zum Verarbeiten und Ausgeben der von dem Dechiffrierer ausgegebenen digitalen Audio/Video-Daten, die anzuzeigen sind.

Revendications

 Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique, comprenant:

une étape d'émission de signal audio/vidéo consistant à multiplexer (106) et à émettre des mots de commande chiffrés, une information CPTC chiffrée pour la protection contre la vue/ copie illégale, et un train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé utilisant ces mots de commande; et une étape de réception audio/vidéo consistant à déchiffrer (111) le train de bits émis pour obtenir l'information CPTC et les mots de commande, à utiliser cette information CPTC pour décider (115) si l'enregistrement du train de bits audio/vidéo sur une bande en cassette est autorisé ou non, et à utiliser les mots de commande pour effectuer un désembrouillage (116) et un décodage (117) du train de bits émis, pour fournir des signaux audio/vidéo à un moniteur.

- 2. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'information CPTC est formatée en un champ de commande de copie de génération pour limiter le nombre de copies disponibles, et en un champ de commande de reproductibilité pour limiter la reproduction d'une émission copiée.
- 30 3. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 2, dans lequel l'information CPTC est formatée de façon à contenir un champ d'information de désembrouillage dans lequel une partie des mots de commande pour le désembrouillage sont enregistrés.
 - 4. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 2, dans lequel l'information CPTC est formatée de façon à contenir en outre un champ CA dans lequel une information CA pour l'accès conditionnel est enregistrée.
- 45 5. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 2, dans lequel le champ de commande de copie de génération est constitué d'un champ de génération admissible pour limiter le nombre de copies admissibles et un champ de génération présente pour indiquer la génération présente d'une émission copiée.
 - 6. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 2, dans lequel le champ de commande de reproduction est constitué d'un champ de nombre reproductible pour limiter le nombre de repro-

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ductions d'une émission copiée, et un champ de temps de reproduction maximal pour limiter le temps pour reproduire l'émission copiée.

- 7. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 1, dans lequel si l'enregistrement sur bande en cassette est autorisé, alors les données ainsi enregistrées sur bande en cassette contiennent le train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé et l'information CPTC.
- 8. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 7, dans lequel l'information CPTC est écrite en superposition sur le train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé pour l'effet d'erreur et est enregistrée sur la bande en cassette.
- 9. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 7, dans lequel l'information CPTC est enregistrée sur une partie d'une piste quelconque parmi la piste audio de la bande en cassette, la piste de commande de la bande en cassette ou la piste vidéo de la bande en cassette.
- 10. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape d'émission de signal audio/vidéo comprend les étapes suivantes :

on code le train de bits audio/vidéo;

on génère (105) un mot de commande pour l'embrouillage;

on embrouille (104) le train de bits audio/vidéo codé, en utilisant le mot de commande généré; on génère (102) une information CPTC pour la protection contre la vue/copie illégale;

on chiffre (103) le mot de code et l'information CPTC; et

on multiplexe (106) et on émet le train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé et l'information CPTC chiffrée.

11. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape d'émission de signal audio/vidéo comprend les étapes suivantes :

on code (100) le train de bits audio/vidéo; on génère (105) un mot de code pour l'embrouillage;

on embrouille (104) le train de bits audio/vidéo codé, en utilisant le mot de code généré; on génère (102) une information CPTC pour la protection contre la vue/copie illégale; on génère (101) une information d'accès con-

ditionnel (CA) pour la réception conditionnelle; on chiffre (103) l'information CPTC et l'information CA; et

on multiplexe (106) et on émet le train de bits audic/vidéo embrouillé et l'information CPTC et l'information d'accès conditionnel chiffrées.

12. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape de réception audio/vidéo comprend les étapes suivantes :

on filtre (110) le train de bits émis et on déchiffre (111) l'information CPTC;

on analyse (113) l'information CPTC pour générer un mot de commande et un signal pour commander la protection de copyright et pour actualiser l'information CPTC;

on décide (115) d'autoriser ou non l'enregistrement sur une bande en cassette du train de bits embrouillé et émis, conformément au signal pour commander la protection de copyright; et on désembrouille (116) et on décode (117) le train de bits émis en utilisant le mot de commande, et on émet en sortie un signal audio/ vidéo.

- 13. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 12, dans lequel la totalité du mot de commande est contenue dans l'information CPTC.
- 14. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 7, dans lequel une information de message de commande d'autorisation (ou ECM pour "Entitlement Control Message") et une information de message de gestion d'autorisation (ou BMM pour "Entitlement Management Message") sont incluses dans l'émission.
- 15. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 14, dans lequel l'étape de réception audio/vidéo comprend les étapes suivantes :

on filtre le train de bits émis et on déchiffre l'information CPTC et le mot de commande; on filtre le mot de commande;

on analyse l'information CPTC pour générer un mot de commande et un signal pour commander la protection de copyright et pour actualiser l'information CPTC;

on décide d'autoriser ou non l'enregistrement conformément au signal pour commander la protection de copyright, pour enregistrer sur une bande en cassette le train de bits embrouillé et émis; et

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on désembrouille et on décode le train de bits émis en utilisant les mots de commande et on émet en sortie un signal audio/vidéo.

16. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon l'une quelconque des revendications 12 ou 15, dans lequel l'étape d'analyse de l'information CPTC (113) comprend les étapes suivantes:

> on génère un mot de commande; on détecte (130, 131, 132, 133) une génération admissible d'un champ de génération admissible pour limiter le nombre disponible de copies d'une émission de l'information CPTC, et la génération présente du champ de génération présente indiquant la génération présente de l'émission qui est copiée, pour effectuer ainsi une désignation de copie impossible et une actualisation de l'information CPTC; et on détecte (134, 135, 136, 137) le nombre reproductible du champ de nombre reproductible, pour limiter le nombre de reproductions d'émissions copiées de l'information CPTC, le temps maximum reproductible du champ de temps reproductible maximal pour limiter le temps pour reproduire l'émission copiée; et le numéro et le temps de reproduction de la bande, pour ainsi déterminer un traitement de reproduction im-

17. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 16, dans lequel l'étape de limitation de nombre de copies comprend les étapes suivantes :

possible.

on compare (130) la génération admissible du champ de génération admissible et la génération présente, et on décide si la génération admissible est 40 inférieure à la génération présente;

si la génération admissible est inférieure à la génération présente, on génère (131) un signal de désactivation de sortie pour rendre la copie impossible, et on détruit le mot de commande; et

si la génération admissible n'est pas inférieure à la génération présente, on augmente (132) la génération présente de "1" et on enregistre le résultat sur une bande en cassette.

18. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 17, dans lequel l'étape de limitation du nombre de copies comprend en outre l'étape consistant à actualiser (133) l'information CPTC, si la génération admissible n'est pas inférieure à la génération présente.

19. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 16 ou la revendication 17, dans lequel l'étape de limitation de reproduction comprend les étapes suivantes :

> on compare (134) le nombre reproductible du champ de nombre reproductible et le nombre de reproductions de bande, et on décide si le nombre reproductible est inférieur au nombre de reproductions de bande;

> si le nombre reproductible n'est pas inférieur au nombre de reproductions de bande, on compare (135) le temps reproductible maximal et le temps de reproduction de bande, et on décide si le temps reproductible maximal est inférieur au temps de reproduction de bande;

> si le temps reproductible maximal n'est pas inférieur au temps de reproduction de bande, on désactive (136) un signal d'effacement de permission pour permettre ainsi de reproduire l'émission copiée; et

> si le nombre reproductible est inférieur au nombre de reproductions de bande ou si le temps reproductible maximal est inférieur au temps de reproduction de bande, on active (137) le signal d'effacement de permission pour rendre impossible la reproduction de l'émission copiée, de façon qu'une partie ou la totalité de l'émission enregistrée sur bande en cassette soit effacée.

- 20. Procédé de protection, contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 14 ou la revendication 15, dans lequel une partie du mot de commande est contenue dans l'information CPTC.
- 21. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 20, dans lequel le reste du mot de commande est contenu dans l'ECM.
- 22. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 20, dans lequel le reste du mot de commande est contenu dans l'EMM.
- 23. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 14 ou la revendication 15, dans lequel le mot de commande entier est contenu dans l'ECM.
- 24. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 14 ou la revendication 15, dans lequel le mot de commande entier est contenu dans l'EMM.

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25. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 14, comprenant en outre une étape de reproduction et de réenregistrement, consistant à :

> déchiffrer (121) les données enregistrées et reproduites sur bande en cassette, analyser (122) l'information CPTC, décider (124) d'autoriser ou non le réenregistrement, réenregistrer le résultat sur bande en cassette, filtrer le mot de commande, et effectuer un désembrouillage (125) et

> un décodage (126) pour fournir en sortie un signal audio/vidéo.

26. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 25, dans lequel l'étape de reproduction et de réenregistrement audio/vidéo comprend les étapes suivantes :

on filtre (120) les données enregistrées et reproduites sur bande vidéo, et on déchiffre (121) l'information CPTC;

on analyse (122) l'information CPTC pour générer des mots de commande et un signal pour commander la protection de copyright et l'actualisation de l'information CPTC;

on décide (124) d'autoriser ou non l'enregistrement conformément au signal de commande de la protection de copyright, et on enregistre sur bande en cassette le train de bits embrouillé et émis: et

on désembrouille (125) et on décode (126) le train de bits émis, en utilisant les mots de commande, pour émettre en sortie un signal audio/vidéo.

- 27. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 26, dans lequel l'étape de reproduction et de réenregistrement audio/vidéo comprend l'étape consistant à décider d'autoriser ou non une postreproduction, conformément au signal pour commander la protection de copyright, pour effacer ainsi une partie ou la totalité des données enregistrées sur bande en cassette.
- 28. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 25, dans lequel l'EMM contient une information exigée pour décoder l'information.
- 29. Procédé de protection, contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 28, comprenant en outre l'étape consistant à enregistrer et à traiter l'EMM, dans laquelle, dans le cas où l'EMM est actualisé par une station

de diffusion en vue de la protection de copyright, l'EMM ayant l'information exigée pour décoder l'information CPCT est stocké de façon à reproduire de manière continue des émissions de bande en cassette copiée.

- 30. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 29, dans lequel un numéro d'identification indiquant l'actualisation de l'EMM est enregistré sur la bande en cassette.
- 31. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 30, dans lequel l'EMM est stocké en correspondance avec l'état d'actualisation et le numéro d'identification de bande en cassette.
- 32. Procédé de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 31, dans lequel l'étape de stockage et de traitement de l'EMM comprend les étapes suivantes;

on stocke tous les EMM à actualiser et l'information d'identification correspondante;

on sélectionne l'EMM le plus récent dans l'enregistrement de bande en cassette;

on enregistre un numéro d'identification correspondant; et

on sélectionne un EMM correspondant au numéro d'identification enregistré sur bande en cassette dans la reproduction de la bande en cassette.

33. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique, comprenant :

une section de production d'émission conçue pour multiplexer et émettre des mots de commande chiffrés, une information CPTC chiffrée pour interdire la vue/copie illégale, et un train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé en utilisant les mots de commande, pour réaliser ainsi une émission:

une section de support de distribution (201) conçue pour distribuer, au moyen d'un support de transmission, l'émission réalisée dans la section de production d'émission ; et

une section de réception d'émission (202) conçue pour obtenir et déchiffrer l'information CPTC et des mots de commande, et pour désembrouiller et décoder le train de bits audio/ vidéo à partir de l'émission émise par la section de support de distribution, en utilisant les mots de commande, pour utiliser l'information CPTC pour décider si l'enregistrement sur bande en

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cassette du train de bits audio/vidéo est autorisé ou non, et pour fournir à un moniteur le train de bits audio/vidéo désembrouillé et décodé.

34. Appareil de protection, contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 33, dans lequel la section de production d'émission comprend :

un générateur de mot de commande (203) pour générer un mot de commande pour l'embrouillage;

un générateur CPTC (204) pour générer l'information CPTC pour interdire la vue/copie illégale:

une section d'embrouillage (206) pour embrouiller le train de bits audio/vidéo en ; utilisant le mot de commande émis par le générateur de mots de commande;

une section de chiffrement (205) pour chiffrer le mot de commande émis par le générateur de mot de commande et l'information CPTC émise par le générateur CPTC; et

un additionneur (207) pour multiplexer les signaux émis par la section d'embrouillage et la section de chiffrement et pour les émettre vers la section de support de distribution.

35. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 33, dans lequel la section de support de distribution comprend l'un au moins des éléments suivants :

> un support de diffusion (208) pour distribuer par diffusion terrestre, par satellite ou par câble, l'émission réalisée par la section de production d'émission (200); et

> un support d'enregistrement (209) pour distribuer par bande en cassette l'émission réalisée par la section de production d'émission.

36. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 35, dans lequel la section de réception d'émission (202) comprend :

une section de déchiffrement (210) pour déchiffrer l'émission reçue à partir du support de diffusion:

une section de détection/analyse de CPTC (211) pour détecter et analyser l'information CPTC provenant de la sortie de la section de déchiffrement ou du support d'enregistrement, et pour fournir en sortie des signaux pour commander le mot de commande et la vue/copie illégale;

une partie de désembrouillage (212) pour dé-

sembrouiller le train de bits audio/vidéo reçu à partir de la section de support de distribution (202), pour générer un signal audio/vidéo; une section de décodage (213) pour décoder et visualiser le signal audio/vidéo qui est fourni par la section de désembrouillage; et une section d'enregistrement/reproduction (214) pour enregistrer sur bande en cassette le train de bits audio/vidéo reçu à partir du support de distribution, conformément au signal de sortie de la section de détection/analyse de CPTC, et ensuite pour effectuer une reproduction à partir de la bande en cassette, pour fournir ainsi le résultat à la section de désembrouillage et à la section de détection/analyse de CPTC.

- 37. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 33, dans lequel 1"information CPTC est formatée en un champ de commande de copie de génération pour limiter le nombre de copies disponibles, et un champ de commande de reproductibilité pour limiter la reproduction d'une émission copiée.
- **38.** Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 37, dans lequel l'information CPTC est formatée de façon à contenir en outre un champ d'information de désembrouillage dans lequel la totalité ou une partie des mots de commande pour le désembrouillage est enregistrée.
- **39.** Appareil de protection' contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 37, dans lequel l'information CPTC est formatée de façon à contenir en outre un champ d'accès conditionnel (CA) dans lequel une information CA est enregistrée.
- 40. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 37, dans lequel le champ de commande de copie de génération est constitué d'un champ de génération admissible pour limiter le nombre de copies admissibles et un champ de génération présente pour indiquer la génération présente d'une émission copiée.
- 41. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 37, dans lequel le champ de commande de reproduction est constitué d'un champ de nombre reproductible pour limiter le nombre de reproductions d'une émission copiée, et un champ de temps reproductible maximal pour limiter le temps pour reproduire l'émission copiée.

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- **42.** Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 33, dans lequel les données enregistrées sur bande en cassette contiennent un train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé et une information CPTC.
- 43. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 42, dans lequel l'information CPTC est écrite en superposition sur le train de bits audio/vidéo embrouillé pour l'effet d'erreur, et est enregistrée sur bande en cassette.
- 44. Appareil de protection, contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 42, dans lequel l'information CPTC est enregistrée sur une partie d'une piste quelconque parmi la piste audio de bande en cassette, la piste de commande de bande en cassette ou la piste vidéo de bande en cassette.
- **45.** Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 33, dans lequel la totalité du mot de commande est contenue dans l'information CPTC.
- 46. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 33, dans lequel le train de bits émis contient une information de message de commande d'autorisation (ou ECM pour "Entitlement Control Message") et de message de gestion d'autorisation (ou EMM pour "Entitlement Management Message").
- 47. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 46, dans lequel une partie du mot de commande est contenue dans l'information CPTC.
- 48. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 47, dans lequel le reste du mot de commande est contenu dans l'ECM.
- 49. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 47, dans lequel le reste du mot de commande est contenu dans l'EMM.
- 50. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 46, dans lequel le mot de commande entier est contenu dans l'ECM.
- Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la re-

- vendication 46, dans lequel le mot de commande entier est contenu dans l'EMM.
- **52.** Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 46, dans lequel la section de réception d'émission comprend :

un récepteur/décodeur intégré (ou IRD pour "Integrated Receiver/Decoder") (222) pour recevoir, décoder et désembrouiller le train de bits émis à partir du support de diffusion, émettre des données audio/vidéo analogiques à visualiser et émettre des données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées à enregistrer sur bande en cassette; et une carte à puce (221) pour déchiffrer le train

une carte a puce (221) pour dechiffrer le train de bits émis par l'IRD, détecter/analyser l'information CPTC, et émettre vers l'IRD le mot de commande et des signaux pour commander la vue/copie illégale, afin de réaliser un accès conditionnel et une protection de copie.

- 53. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 52, dans lequel la , section de réception d'émission comprend en outre une table à consulter pour, dans le cas où l'EMM est actualisé par une station de diffusion en vue de la protection de copyright, stocker l'EMM ayant l'information exigée pour décoder l'information CPTC, et émettre vers la carte à puce l'information CPTC correspondante, en reproduction, afin de reproduire continuellement l'émission de la bande en cassette copiée.
- 54. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 52, dans lequel la section de réception d'émission comprend en outre un magnétoscope à cassette numérique (223) pour enregistrer sur bande en cassette les données audio/vidéo numériques et l'information CPTC embrouillées et émises par l'IRD, et pour reproduire les données audio/vidéo numériques et l'information CPTC embrouillées, enregistrées sur bande en cassette, pour les fournir à l'IRD.
- 55. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 54, dans lequel la carte à puce comprend :

un filtre d'ECM (301) pour filtrer l'ECM à partir du train de bits émis par l'IRD;

un filtre de CPTC / signal d'état de bande (302) pour filtrer l'information CPTC et le signal d'état de bande indiquant l'état de la bande, à partir du train de bits émis par l'IRD;

un filtre d'EMM (303) pour filtrer l'EMM à partir du train de bits émis par l'IRD;

une table à consulter (304) pour, dans le cas où l'EMM est actualisé pour la protection de copyright par une station de diffusion, stocker l'information précédente contenant l'EMM, exigée pour décoder l'information CPTC, et émettre l'information CPTC correspondante, en reproduction, afin de reproduire continuellement l'émission de bande en cassette copiée;

une section de traitement d'EMM (307) pour traiter l'EMM en utilisant l'EMM émis par le filtre d'EMM et la table à consulter, et le signal d'état de bande émis par le filtre de CPTC / signal d'état de bande;

une section de traitement de CPTC (306) pour traiter l'information CPTC en utilisant les signaux émis par le filtre de CPTC / signal d'état de bande et la section de traitement d'EMM; et une section de traitement d'accès conditionnel (305) pour émettre un mot de commande (CW) en utilisant les signaux émis par le filtre d'ECM et la section de traitement d'EMM.

56. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 54, dans lequel la carte à puce comprend :

un filtre d'ECM (311) pour filtrer l'ECM à partir du train de bits émis par l'IRD;

un filtre d'EMM (312) pour filtrer l'EMM contenant l'EMM, à partir du train de bits émis par l'IRD.

un filtre de signal d'état, de bande (313) pour filtrer le signal d'état de bande émis par l'IRD; une table à consulter (314) pour, dans le cas où l'EMM est actualisé pour la protection de copyright par une station de diffusion, stocker l'information précédente contenant l'EMM exigée pour décoder l'information CPTC, et émettre l'information CPTC correspondante, en reproduction, afin de reproduire continuellement l'émission de bande en cassette copiée;

une section de traitement d'EMM (317) pour traiter l'EMM en utilisant l'EMM émis par le filtre d'EMM et la table à consulter, et le signal d'état de bande émis par le filtre de signal d'état de bande;

une section de traitement de CPTC (316) pour traiter l'information CPTC en utilisant les signaux émis par le filtre d'EMM et le filtre de signal d'état de bande, pour émettre ainsi l'ECM, un signal d'effacement d'autorisation et un signal d'identification; et

une section de traitement d'accès conditionnel (315) pour émettre un mot de commande en utilisant les signaux émis par le filtre d'ECM et la

section de traitement d'EMM.

57. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 54, dans lequel le magnétoscope à cassette numérique comprend :

un mécanisme de platine (406);

une section d'enregistrement/reproduction (405) pour enregistrer des données numériques sur une bande en cassette, avec le mécanisme de platine, et reproduire les données numériques enregistrées sur une bande en cassette;

une section de détection/actualisation de nombre de reproductions (401) pour détecter/actualiser le nombre de reproductions à partir des données numériques reproduites par la section d'enregistrement/reproduction, et pour le fournir à l'IRD afin de le réenregistrer dans la section d'enregistrement/reproduction;

une section de traitement de données numériques (402) pour traiter les données numériques reproduites par la section d'enregistrement/reproduction, pour les émettre vers l'IRD, et pour émettre une information de position de commutation pour l'enregistrement et la reproduction; une section de commutation d'enregistrement/reproduction (404) pour fournir un signal de commutation pour commander le nombre de reproductions, la reproduction de données numériques et l'enregistrement du nombre de reproductions actualisé, en utilisant l'information de position de commutation qui est fournie par la section de traitement de données numériques; et

un codeur/décodeur de correction d'erreur (403) pour corriger l'erreur de données émises par la section de traitement de données numérique, et pour coder et décoder les données à fournir à la section de traitement de données numériques.

58. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 35, dans lequel la section de réception d'émission comprend :

un magnétoscope à cassette numérique (232) pour détecter/analyser l'information CPTC provenant du train de bits émis par le support d'enregistrement, pour fournir un mot de commande et des signaux pour commander la vue/copie illégale, et pour reproduire des données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées; et un IRD (231) pour recevoir le mot de commande et des signaux pour commander la vue/copie illégale fournis par le magnétoscope à cas-

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sette numérique (232), pour désembrouiller les données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées, et pour fournir des données audio/vidéo analogiques à visualiser ou à enregistrer.

59. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 58, dans lequel le magnétoscope à cassette numérique comprend :

une section de détection / traitement de CPTC (276) pour détecter/analyser l'information de CPTC provenant du train de bits émis par le support d'enregistrement, et pour émettre le mot de commande et des signaux pour la vue/copie illégale; et

une section de reproduction (277) pour reproduire le train de bits émis par le support d'enregistrement et pour l'émettre vers l'IRD.

60. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 59, dans lequel l'IRD comprend :

une unité de commande de sortie numérique (272) pour recevoir le mot de commande et des signaux pour commander la vue/copie illégale qui sont émis par la section de détection/traitement de CPTC, et pour commander la sortie des données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées qui sont fournies par la section de reproduction, afin de les visualiser;

un désembrouilleur (273) pour désembrouiller les données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées émises par l'unité de commande de sortie numérique, conformément au mot de commande émis par l'unité de commande de sortie numérique; et

une section de traitement de visualisation (273) pour traiter et émettre en sortie les données audio/vidéo numériques émises par le désembrouilleur, afin de les visualiser.

61. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 35, dans lequel la section de réception d'émission comprend :

un magnétoscope à cassette numérique (265) pour reproduire les données audio/vidéo numériques et l'information CPTC embrouillées enregistrées sur bande en cassette par l'intermédiaire d'un support d'enregistrement, et pour les émettre vers l'IRD:

un IRD (266) pour décoder/désembrouiller le train de bits émis par le magnétoscope à cassette numérique, et pour émettre des données audio/vidéo analogiques à visualiser; et

une carte à puce (261) pour déchiffrer le train de bits émis par l'IRD, détecter/analyser le CPTC, et émettre vers l'IRD le mot de commande et des signaux pour commander la copie, pour effectuer ainsi une protection contre la copie et/ou un accès conditionnel.

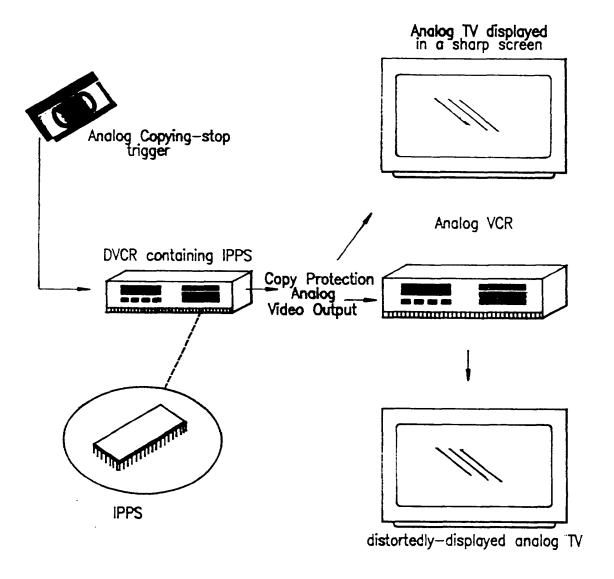
62. Appareil de protection contre la vue/copie illégale pour un système de diffusion numérique selon la revendication 54 ou la revendication 61, dans lequel l'IRD comprend:

une unité de commande d'enregistrement/sortie numérique (262) pour décoder le train de bits transmis à partir du support de diffusion et du magnétoscope à cassette numérique, l'émettre vers la carte à puce, recevoir le mot de commande et des signaux pour commander la vue/copie illégale qui sont émis par la carte à puce, et commander la sortie des données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées, en vue de l'enregistrement et de la visualisation;

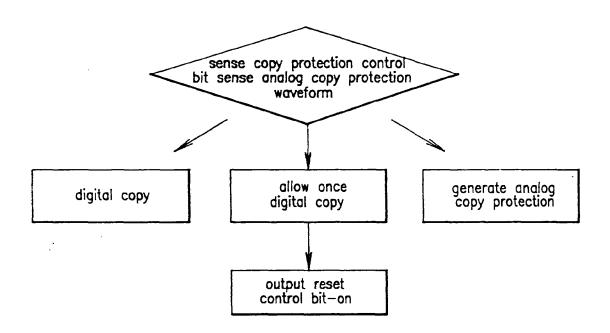
un désembrouilleur (263) pour désembrouiller les données audio/vidéo numériques embrouillées émises par l'unité de commande d'enregistrement/sortie numérique conformément au mot de commande émis par l'unité de commande d'enregistrement/sortie numérique; et

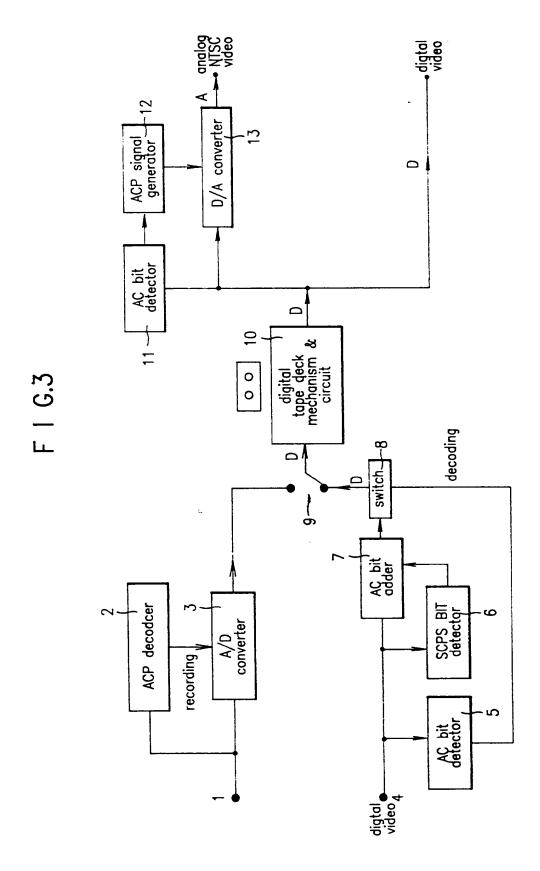
une section de traitement de visualisation (264) pour traiter et émettre les données audio/vidéo numériques émises par le désembrouilleur, pour les visualiser.

F I G.1 (conventional art)

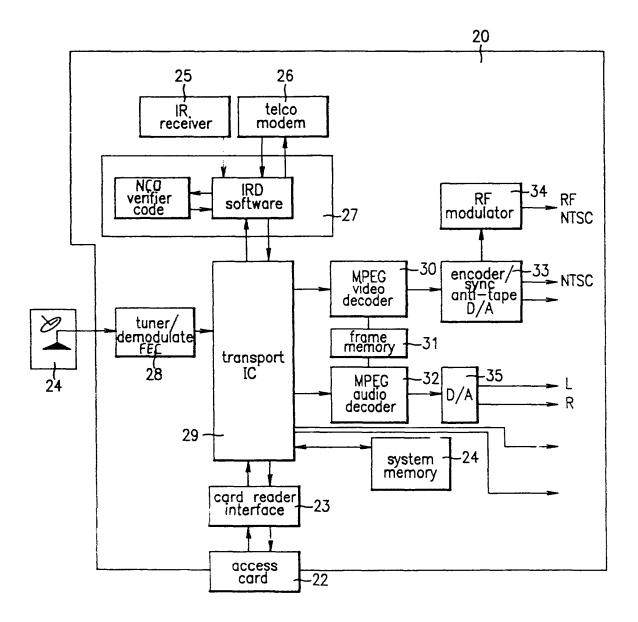


F I G.2 (conventional art)

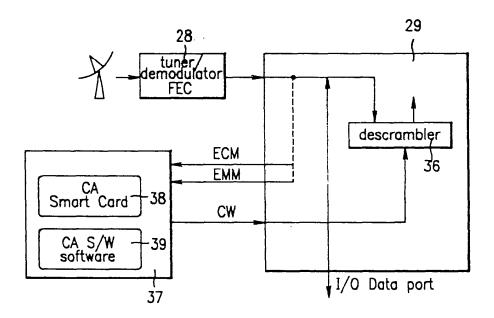




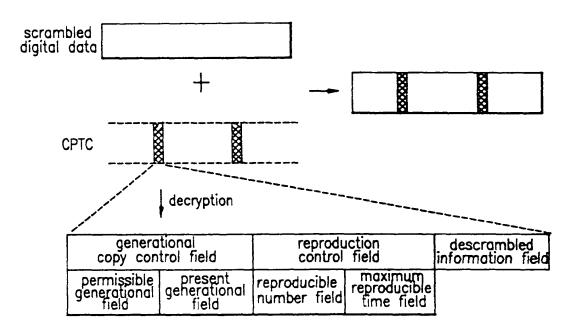
F 1 G.4



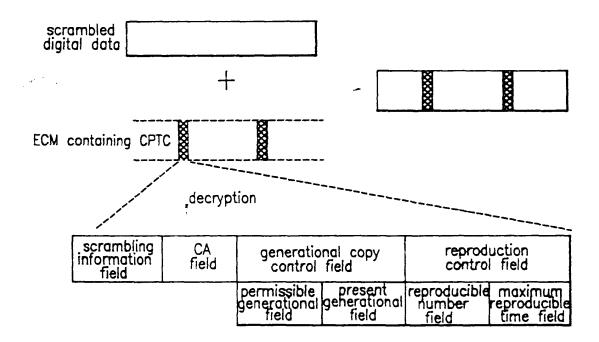
F 1 G.5

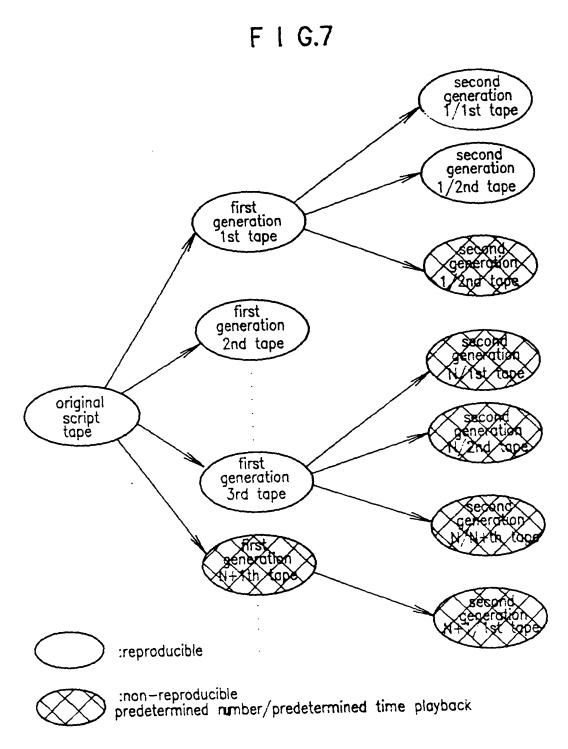


F 1 G.6a

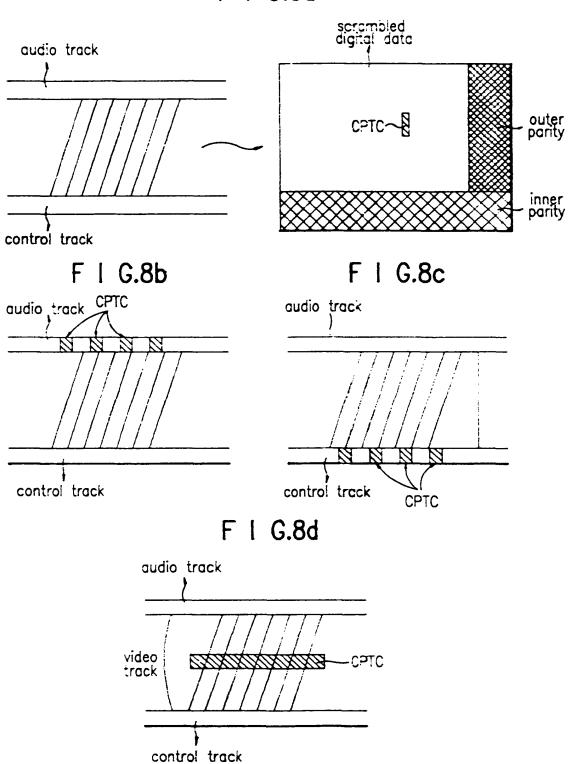


F | G.6b

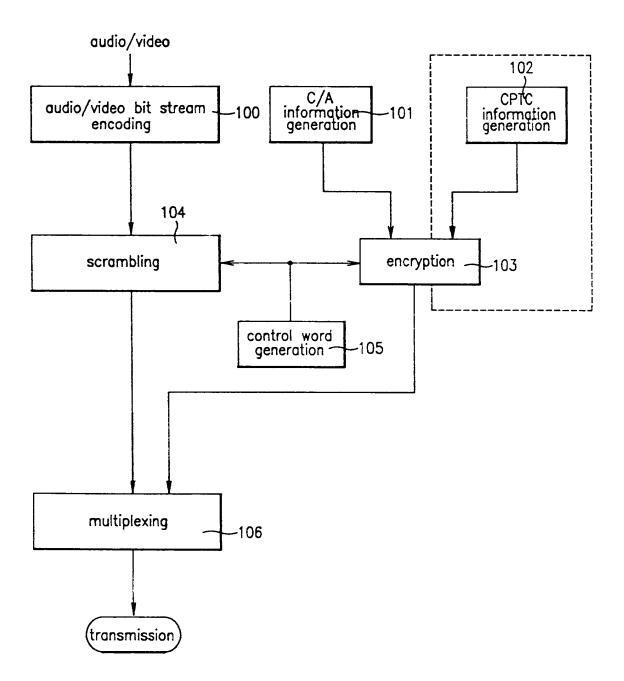




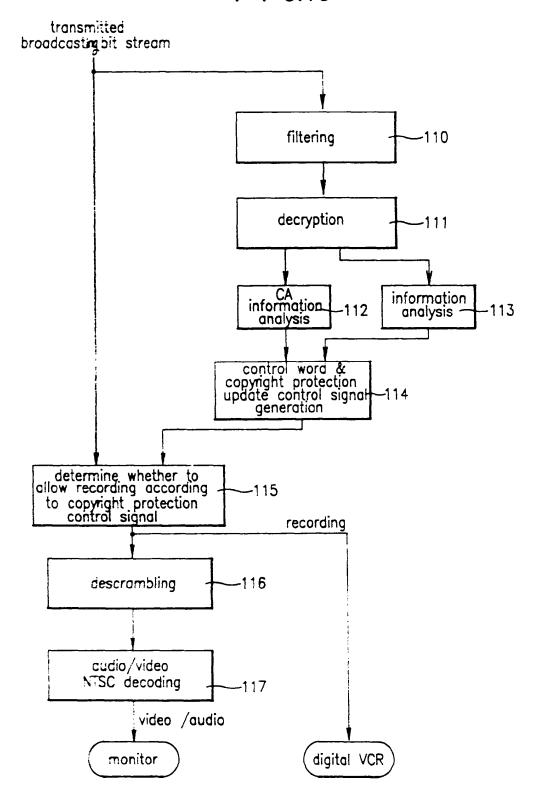
F 1 G.8a



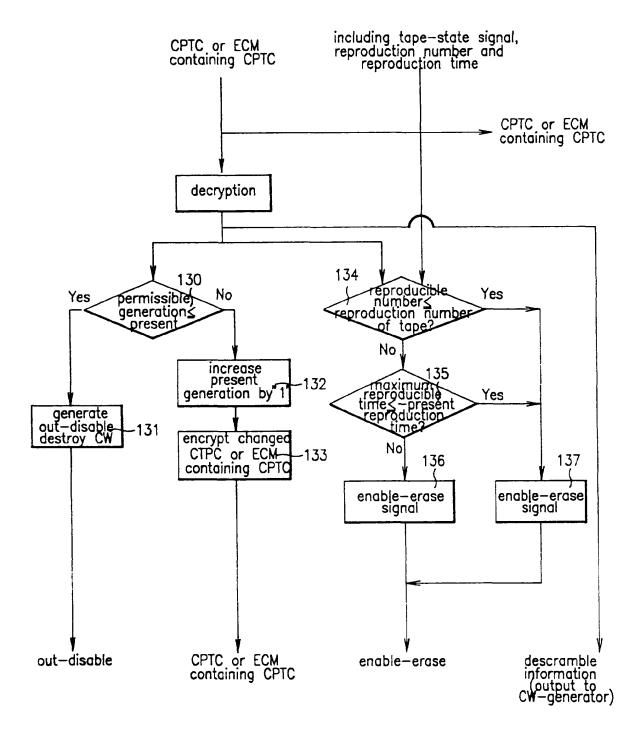
F I G.9



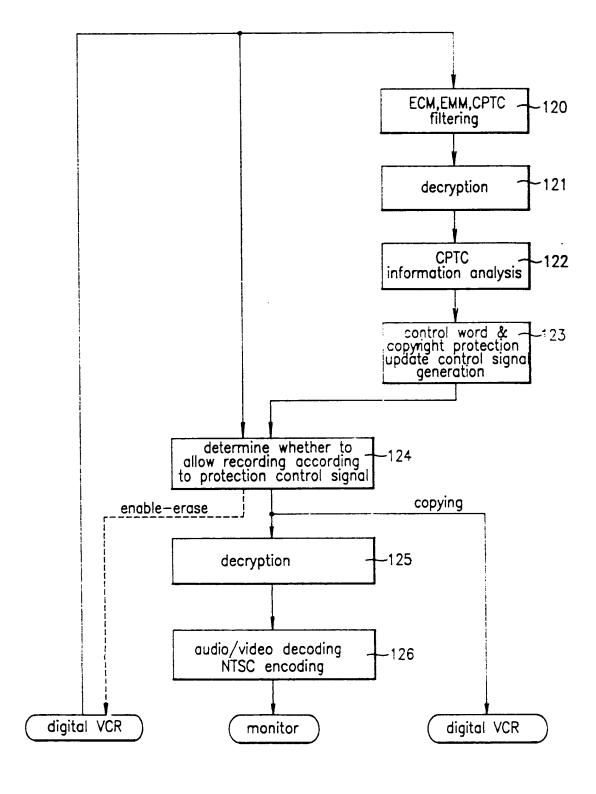
F I G.10



F | G.11



F I G.12



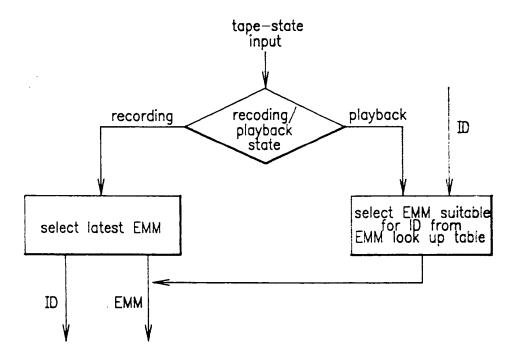
F I G.13

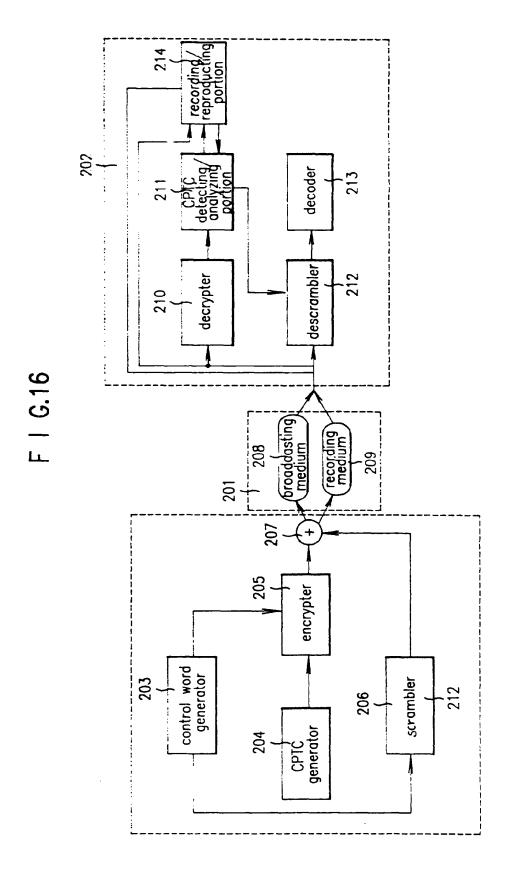
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ID 3	ЕММз
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ID _n	EMMn

F I G.14

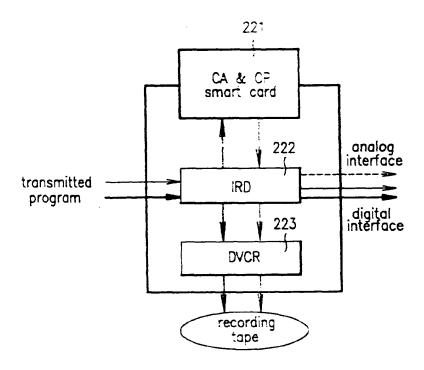
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F I G.15

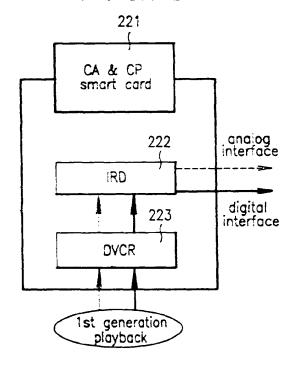




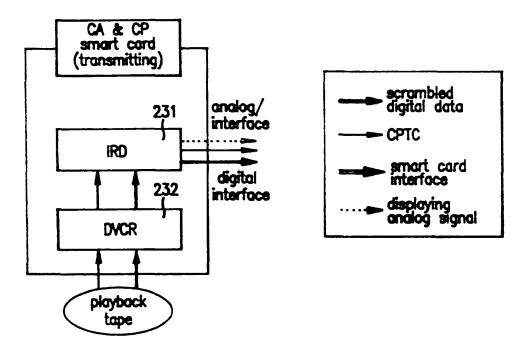
F I G.17a



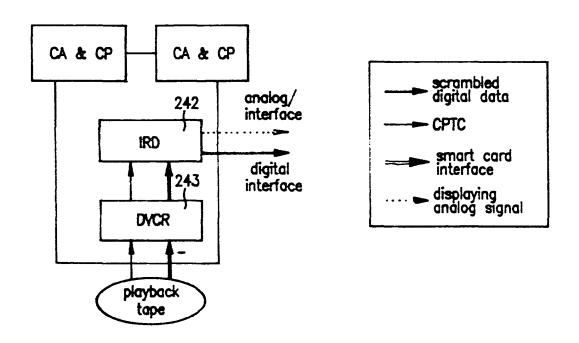
F I G.17b



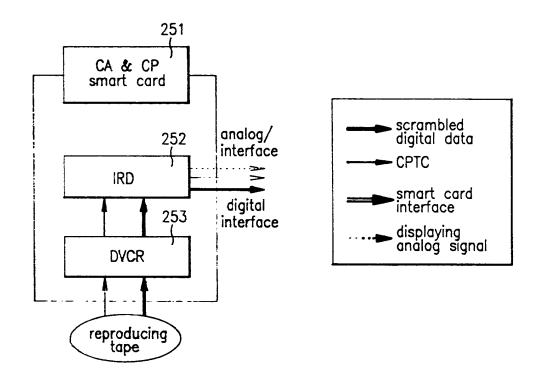
F I G.18



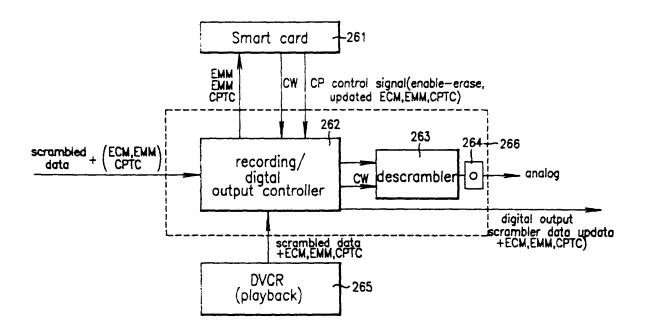
F I G.19



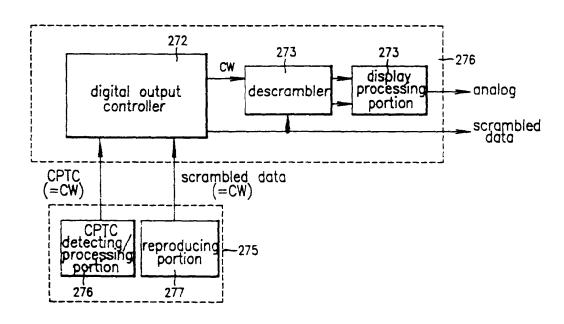
F I G.20



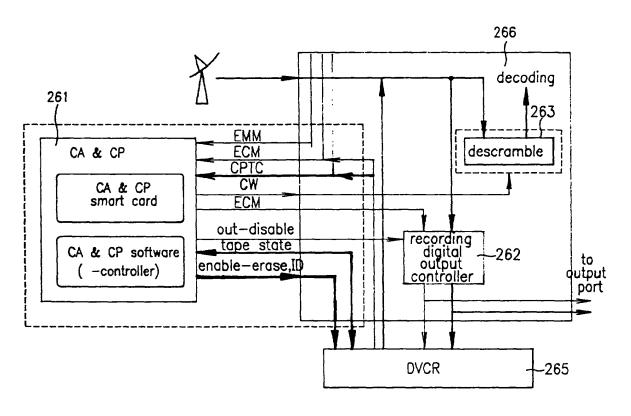
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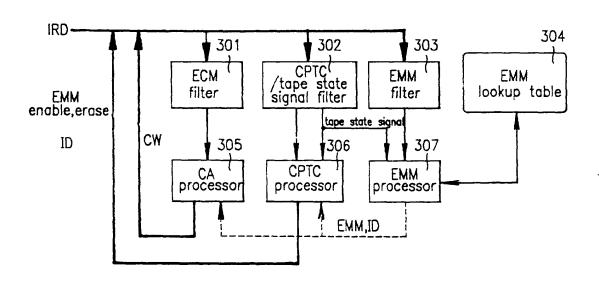
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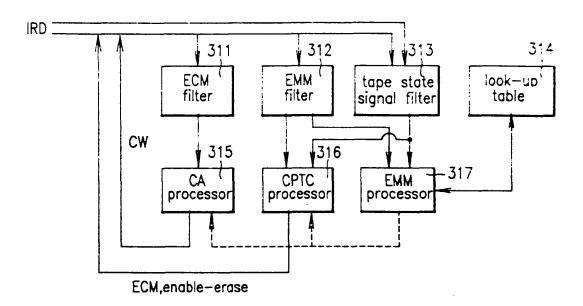
F 1 G.23



F 1 G.24



F | G.25



F | G.26

